# UCH-L3 (ZE-17): sc-100340



The Power to Question

#### **BACKGROUND**

UCH-L1 (ubiquitin C-terminal hydrolase) is a member of a gene family whose products hydrolyze small C-terminal adducts of ubiquitin to generate the ubiquitin monomer. Expression of UCH-L1 is highly specific to neurons and to cells of the diffuse neuroendocrine system and their tumors. UCH-L1 is expressed in brain neurons. Examination of specific brain regions reveals expression in all areas tested, particularly in the substantia nigra. UCH-L1 represents 1 to 2% of total soluble brain protein. Its occurrence in Lewy bodies and its function in the proteasome pathway make it a compelling candidate gene in Parkinson disease. The gene which encodes UCH-L1 maps to human chromosome 4p14. The 230 amino acid human UCH-L3 protein is 54% identical to that of UCH-L1. UCH-L3 is the predominant thiol protease and has high-affinity binding sites for ubiquitin.

# **REFERENCES**

- Doran, J.F., et al. 1983. Isolation of PGP 9.5, a new human neurone-specific protein detected by high resolution two-dimensional electrophoresis. J. Neurochem. 40: 1542-1547.
- 2. Wilkinson, K.D., et al. 1989. The neuron-specific protein PGP 9.5 is a ubiquitin carboxyl-terminal hydrolase. Science 246: 670-672.
- 3. Mayer, A.N. and Wilkinson, K.D. 1989. Detection, resolution and nomenclature of multiple ubiquitin carboxyl-terminal esterases from bovine calf thymus. Biochemistry 28: 166-172.

## CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: UCHL3 (human) mapping to 13q22.2; Uchl3 (mouse) mapping to 14 E2.3.

## **SOURCE**

UCH-L3 (ZE-17) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against recombinant UCH-L3 of human origin.

## **PRODUCT**

Each vial contains 100  $\mu g$   $lgG_{2a}$  kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

# **APPLICATIONS**

UCH-L3 (ZE-17) is recommended for detection of UCH-L3 of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2  $\mu$ g per 100-500  $\mu$ g of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)] and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Suitable for use as control antibody for UCH-L3 siRNA (h): sc-42306, UCH-L3 siRNA (m): sc-42307, UCH-L3 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-42306-SH, UCH-L3 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-42307-SH, UCH-L3 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-42306-V and UCH-L3 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-42307-V.

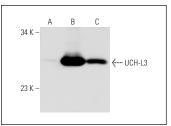
Molecular Weight of UCH-L3: 26 kDa.

Positive Controls: K-562 whole cell lysate: sc-2203 or UCH-L3 (h): 293 Lysate: sc-113153.

#### **RECOMMENDED SUPPORT REAGENTS**

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker<sup>TM</sup> Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz<sup>®</sup> Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml).

## **DATA**



UCH-L3 (ZE-17): sc-100340. Western blot analysis of UCH-L3 expression in non-transfected 293: sc-110760 (**A**), human UCH-L3 transfected 293: sc-113153 (**B**) and K-562 (**C**) whole cell lysates.

## **SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS**

- Succoio, M., et al. 2015. Proteomic analysis reveals novel common genes modulated in both replicative and stress-induced senescence. J. Proteomics 128: 18-29.
- McLellan, L., et al. 2016. Activity based profiling of deubiquitylating enzymes and inhibitors in animal tissues. Methods Mol. Biol. 1449: 411-419.
- Caggiano, R., et al. 2017. miR-128 is implicated in stress responses by targeting MAFG in skeletal muscle cells. Oxid. Med. Cell. Longev. 2017: 9308310.
- Long, C., et al. 2018. LPS promotes HB01 stability via USP25 to modulate inflammatory gene transcription in THP-1 cells. Biochim. Biophys. Acta Gene Regul. Mech. 1861: 773-782.
- Goichon, A., et al. 2019. Colonic proteome signature in immunoproteasomedeficient stressed mice and its relevance for irritable Bowel syndrome.
  J. Proteome Res. 18: 478-492.
- Panyain, N., et al. 2020. Discovery of a potent and selective covalent inhibitor and activity-based probe for the deubiquitylating enzyme UCHL1, with antifibrotic activity. J. Am. Chem. Soc. 142: 12020-12026.

## **STORAGE**

Store at 4° C, \*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

## **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.