



KLHDC8A (Z-24): sc-101997

BACKGROUND

Kelch domain-containing protein 8A (KLHDC8A) is a 350 amino acid protein. KLHDC8A contains seven kelch repeats, each of which is an approximately 50 amino acid long conserved region that forms a tertiary structure β -propeller. The gene that encodes KLHDC8A is located on chromosome 1, which is the largest human chromosome, spanning about 260 million base pairs and making up 8% of the human genome. There are about 3,000 genes on chromosome 1, and considering the great number of genes there are also a large number of diseases associated with chromosome 1. Notably, the rare aging disease Hutchinson-Gilford progeria is associated with the LMNA gene which encodes Lamin A. The MUTYH gene is located on chromosome 1 and is partially responsible for familial adenomatous polyposis. Stickler syndrome, Parkinsons, Gaucher disease and Usher syndrome are also associated with chromosome 1. Aberrations in chromosome 1 are found in a variety of cancers including head and neck cancer, malignant melanoma and multiple myeloma.

REFERENCES

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3. Prag, S. and Adams, J.C. 2003. Molecular phylogeny of the kelch-repeat superfamily reveals an expansion of BTB/kelch proteins in animals. *BMC Bioinformatics* 4: 42.
4. Marzin, Y., et al. 2006. Chromosome 1 abnormalities in multiple myeloma. *Anticancer Res.* 26: 953-959.
5. Lans, H. and Hoeijmakers, J.H. 2006. Cell biology: ageing nucleus gets out of shape. *Nature* 440: 32-34.
6. Scaffidi, P. and Misteli, T. 2006. Lamin A-dependent nuclear defects in human aging. *Science* 312: 1059-1063.
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CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: KLHDC8A (human) mapping to 1q32.1

SOURCE

KLHDC8A (Z-24) is a purified rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against KLHDC8A of human origin.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, ****DO NOT FREEZE****. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 100 μ g IgG in 1.0 ml PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide, 0.1% gelatin and <0.02% sucrose.

APPLICATIONS

KLHDC8A (Z-24) is recommended for detection of KLHDC8A of human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 μ g per 100-500 μ g of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)] and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Suitable for use as control antibody for KLHDC8A siRNA (h): sc-88305, KLHDC8A shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-88305-SH and KLHDC8A shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-88305-V.

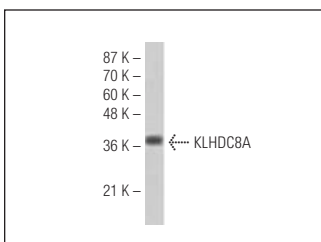
Molecular Weight of KLHDC8A: 39 kDa.

Positive Controls: Jurkat whole cell lysate: sc-2204.

RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP: sc-2004 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP: sc-2030 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml).

DATA



KLHDC8A (Z-24): sc-101997. Western blot analysis of KLHDC8A expression in Jurkat whole cell lysate.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.