

HP1 α (C-15): sc-10210

BACKGROUND

Chromatin assembly factor-1 (CAF-1) is a multisubunit protein complex that comprises three polypeptide subunits known as p150, p60, and p48. CAF-1 is a nucleosome assembly factor that deposits newly synthesized and acetylated histones H3/H4 into nascent chromatin during DNA replication. The p150 subunit of CAF-1 also supports the maintenance of heterochromatin, which requires the synthesis of both new histones and heterochromatin proteins and their orderly assembly during DNA replication. Heterochromatin is characterized as densely coiled chromatin that generally replicates late during S phase, has a low gene density, and contains large blocks of repetitive DNA that is relatively inaccessible to DNA-modifying reagents. In late S phase, p150 directly associates with heterochromatin associated proteins 1 (HP1 α , HP1 β and HP1 γ). As cells prepare for mitosis, CAF-1 p150 and some HP1 progressively dissociate from heterochromatin, coinciding with the phosphorylation of Histone H3. The HP1 proteins reassociate with chromatin at the end of mitosis, as Histone H3 is dephosphorylated.

REFERENCES

1. Smith, S. and Stillman, B. 1989. Purification and characterization of CAF-I, a human cell factor required for chromatin assembly during DNA replication *in vitro*. *Cell* 58: 15-25.
2. Kaufman, P.D., Kobayashi, R., Kessler, N. and Stillman, B. 1995. The p150 and p60 subunits of chromatin assembly factor I: a molecular link between newly synthesized histones and DNA replication. *Cell* 81: 1105-1114.
3. Verreault, A., Kaufman, P.D., Kobayashi, R. and Stillman, B. 1996. Nucleosome assembly by a complex of CAF-1 and acetylated Histones H3/H4. *Cell* 87: 95-104.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: CBX5 (human) mapping to 12q13.13; Cbx5 (mouse) mapping to 15 F3.

SOURCE

HP1 α (C-15) is an affinity purified goat polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping at the C-terminus of HP1 α of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 μ g IgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-10210 P, (100 μ g peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

STORAGE

Store at 4 $^{\circ}$ C, ****DO NOT FREEZE****. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

APPLICATIONS

HP1 α (C-15) is recommended for detection of HP1 α of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

HP1 α (C-15) is also recommended for detection of HP1 α in additional species, including equine.

Suitable for use as control antibody for HP1 α siRNA (h): sc-37737, HP1 α siRNA (m): sc-37738, HP1 α shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-37737-SH, HP1 α shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-37738-SH, HP1 α shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-37737-V and HP1 α shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-37738-V.

Molecular Weight of HP1 α : 22 kDa.

Positive Controls: MCF7 nuclear extract: sc-2149 or HeLa nuclear extract: sc-2120.

RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2020 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker[™] compatible donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2033 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker[™] Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use donkey anti-goat IgG-FITC: sc-2024 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or donkey anti-goat IgG-TR: sc-2783 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz[™] Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

1. Rohr, O., Lecestre, D., Chasserot-Golaz, S., Marban, C., Avram, D., Aunis, D., Leid, M. and Schaeffer, E. 2003. Recruitment of Tat to heterochromatin protein HP1 via interaction with CTIP2 inhibits human immunodeficiency virus type 1 replication in microglial cells. *J. Virol.* 77: 5415-5427.
2. Arpin-André, C. and Mesnard, J.M. 2007. The PDZ domain-binding motif of the human T cell leukemia virus type 1 tax protein induces mislocalization of the tumor suppressor hScrib in T cells. *J. Biol. Chem.* 282: 33132-33141.
3. Pearson, R., Kim, Y.K., Hokello, J., Lassen, K., Friedman, J., Tyagi, M. and Karn, J. 2008. Epigenetic silencing of human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) transcription by formation of restrictive chromatin structures at the viral long terminal repeat drives the progressive entry of HIV into latency. *J. Virol.* 82: 12291-12303.



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Try **HP1 α (GA-62): sc-130446**, our highly recommended monoclonal alternative to HP1 α (C-15).