

PACSIN2 (K-16): sc-10415

BACKGROUND

PACSINs are members of a family of cytoplasmic adapter proteins, which share a conserved C-terminal protein binding SH3 domain and a CDC15-NT domain. PACSIN 1-related proteins include syndapin 1 (the rat homolog of PACSIN 1), FAP52, EM13, and PSTPIP, all of which seem to be involved in signaling pathways associated with cytoskeletal organization. PACSIN 1 expression is restricted to terminally differentiated neural tissue, whereas PACSIN 2 is widely expressed. PACSIN 2 shows vesicle-like distribution and may be involved in regulating endocytotic processes.

REFERENCES

1. Frosch, P.M., Geier, C., Kaup, F.J., Muller, A. and Frosch, M. 1993. Molecular cloning of an echinococcal microtrichal antigen immunoreactive in Echinococcus multilocularis disease. *Mol. Biochem. Parasitol.* 58: 301-310.
2. Merilainen, J., Lehto, V.P. and Wasenius, V.M. 1997. FAP52, a novel, SH3 domain-containing focal adhesion protein. *J. Biol. Chem.* 272: 23278-23284.
3. Wu, Y., Spencer, S.D. and Lasky, L.A. 1998. Tyrosine phosphorylation regulates the SH3-mediated binding of the Wiskott-Aldrich syndrome protein to PSTPIP, a cytoskeletal-associated protein. *J. Biol. Chem.* 273: 5765-5770.
4. Plomann, M., Lange, R., Vopper, G., Cremer, H., Heinlein, U.A., Scheff, S., Baldwin, S.A., et al. 1998. PACSIN, a brain protein that is upregulated upon differentiation into neuronal cells. *Eur. J. Biochem.* 256: 201-211.
5. Ritter, B., Modregger, J., Paulsson, M. and Plomann, M. 1999. PACSIN 2, a novel member of the PACSIN family of cytoplasmic adapter proteins. *FEBS Letts.* 454: 356-362.
6. Qualmann, B., Roos, J., DiGregorio, P.J. and Kelly, R.B. 1999. Syndapin I, a synaptic dynamin-binding protein that associates with the neural Wiskott-Aldrich syndrome protein. *Mol. Biol. Cell.* 10: 501-513.

SOURCE

PACSIN2 (K-16) is an affinity purified goat polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping within an internal region of PACSIN2 of mouse origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 µg IgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-10415 P, (100 µg peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, ****DO NOT FREEZE****. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.

APPLICATIONS

PACSIN2 (K-16) is recommended for detection of PACSIN2 of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Suitable for use as control antibody for PACSIN2 siRNA (h): sc-36173, PACSIN2 siRNA (m): sc-36174, PACSIN2 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-36173-SH, PACSIN2 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-36174-SH, PACSIN2 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-36173-V and PACSIN2 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-36174-V.

Molecular Weight of PACSIN2: 60 kDa.

Positive Controls: mouse lung extract: sc-2390 or NIH/3T3 whole cell lysate: sc-2210.

RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2020 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2033 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use donkey anti-goat IgG-FITC: sc-2024 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or donkey anti-goat IgG-TR: sc-2783 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz™ Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.