SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

VPS13D (T-17): sc-104755



BACKGROUND

The vacuolar protein sorting (VPS) pathway regulates protein sorting and vesicle-mediated intracellular transport. VPSs are required for proper trafficking of endocytic and biosynthetic proteins to the vacuole and play an important role in the budding process of cells. In Saccharomyces cerevisiae, mutations in VPS genes result in secretion of proteins normally localized to the vacuole. VPS13D (vacuolar protein sorting 13 homolog D) is a 4,387 amino acid protein that belongs to the VPS family and is expressed in a variety of tissues. The VPS13 subfamily of proteins are involved in trafficking of membrane proteins between the trans-Golgi network and the prevacuolar compartment. VPS13D exists as 2 alternatively spliced isoforms and is encoded by a gene located on human chromosome 1, which spans 260 million base pairs, contains over 3,000 genes and comprises nearly 8% of the human genome.

REFERENCES

- 1. Burd C.G., et al. 1996. A yeast protein related to a mammalian Ras-binding protein, Vps9p, is required for localization of vacuolar proteins. Mol. Cell. Biol. 16: 2369-2377.
- 2. Rampoldi, L., et al. 2001. A conserved sorting-associated protein is mutant in chorea-acanthocytosis. Nat. Genet. 28: 119-120.
- 3. Garrus, J.E., et al. 2001. Tsg101 and the vacuolar protein sorting pathway are essential for HIV-1 budding. Cell 107: 55-65.
- 4. Slagsvold, T. and Stenmark, H. 2004. The structure of an endosomal protein sorter. Dev. Cell 7: 457-458.
- 5. Velayos-Baeza, A., et al. 2004. Analysis of the human VPS13 gene family. Genomics 84: 536-549.
- 6. Online Mendelian Inheritance in Man, OMIM[™]. 2004. Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, MD. MIM Number: 608879. World Wide Web URL: http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/omim/
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CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: VPS13D (human) mapping to 1p36.22; Vps13d (mouse) mapping to 4 E1.

SOURCE

VPS13D (T-17) is an affinity purified goat polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping near the C-terminus of VPS13D of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 µg lgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-104755 P, (100 µg peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

APPLICATIONS

VPS13D (T-17) is recommended for detection of VPS13D of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

VPS13D (T-17) is also recommended for detection of VPS13D in additional species, including equine, canine and bovine.

Suitable for use as control antibody for VPS13D siRNA (h): sc-88079, VPS13D siRNA (m): sc-106695, VPS13D shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-88079-SH, VPS13D shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-106695-SH, VPS13D shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-88079-V and VPS13D shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-106695-V.

Molecular Weight of VPS13D: 492 kDa.

RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2020 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2033 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use donkey anti-goat IgG-FITC: sc-2024 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or donkey anti-goat IgG-TR: sc-2783 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz[™] Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.