

UBE2A/B (A-18): sc-10479

BACKGROUND

The ubiquitin (Ub) pathway involves three sequential enzymatic steps that facilitate the conjugation of Ub and Ub-like molecules to specific protein substrates. The first step requires the ATP-dependent activation of the Ub C-terminus and the assembly of multi-Ub chains by the Ub-activating enzyme known as the E1 component. The Ub chain is then conjugated to the Ub-conjugating enzyme (E2) to generate an intermediate Ub-E2 complex. The Ub-ligase (E3) then catalyzes the transfer of Ub from E2 to the appropriate protein substrate. UBE2A (ubiquitin-conjugating enzyme E2 A) and UBE2B (ubiquitin-conjugating enzyme E2 B) are both Ub-conjugating enzymes that are essential to postreplication repair of UV-damaged DNA. UBE2A and UBE2B are both nuclear and cell membrane proteins that have been found to interact with Rad18.

REFERENCES

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2. Ciechanover, A., et al. 1994. The ubiquitin-mediated proteolytic pathway: mechanisms of recognition of the proteolytic substrate and involvement in the degradation of native cellular proteins. *FASEB J.* 8: 182-191.
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4. Bai, C., et al. 1996. SKP1 connects cell cycle regulators to the ubiquitin proteolysis machinery through a novel motif, the F-box. *Cell* 86: 263-274.
5. Liakopoulos, D., et al. 1998. A novel protein modification pathway related to the ubiquitin system. *EMBO J.* 17: 2208-2214.
6. Schwarz, S.E., et al. 1998. The ubiquitin-like proteins SMT3 and SUMO-1 are conjugated by the UBC9 E2 enzyme. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 95: 560-564.
7. Gong, L., et al. 1999. Identification of the activating and conjugating enzymes of the NEDD8 conjugation pathway. *J. Biol. Chem.* 274: 12036-12042.
8. Raboy, B., et al. 1999. Heat-induced cell cycle arrest of *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*: involvement of the RAD6/UBC2 and WSC2 genes in its reversal. *Mol. Microbiol.* 32: 729-739.
9. Blondel, M., et al. 2000. Isolation and characterization of HRT1 using a genetic screen for mutants unable to degrade Gic2p in *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*. *Genetics* 155: 1033-1044.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: UBE2A (human) mapping to Xq24, UBE2B (human) mapping to 5q31.1; Ube2a (mouse) mapping to X A3.3, Ube2b (mouse) mapping to 11 B1.3.

SOURCE

UBE2A/B (A-18) is an affinity purified goat polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping near the N-terminus of UBE2A of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 µg IgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-10479 P, (100 µg peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

APPLICATIONS

UBE2A/B (A-18) is recommended for detection of UBE2A and UBE2B of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

UBE2A/B (A-18) is also recommended for detection of UBE2A and UBE2B in additional species, including equine, canine, bovine, porcine and avian.

Molecular Weight of UBE2A/B: 17 kDa.

RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2020 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2033 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use donkey anti-goat IgG-FITC: sc-2024 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or donkey anti-goat IgG-TR: sc-2783 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz™ Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

1. Howard, R.A., et al. 2007. Ubiquitin conjugating enzymes participate in polyglutamine protein aggregation. *BMC Cell Biol.* 8: 32.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, ****DO NOT FREEZE****. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.


 MONOS
 Satisfation
 Guaranteed

Try **UBE2A/B (G-9): sc-365507**, our highly recommended monoclonal alternative to UBE2A/B (A-18).