# ALG2 (S-16): sc-107141



## **BACKGROUND**

Glycosylation of asparagine residues is an essential protein modification reaction that occurs upon most proteins that enter the secretory pathway in eukaryotic cells. Asparagine-linked oligosaccharides are transferred onto polypeptides in the lumen of the rough endoplasmic reticulum. ALG2 (asparagine-linked glycosylation 2) is a 416 amino acid single-pass membrane protein that localizes to the endoplasmic reticulum (ER). ALG14 is involved in protein mannosylation and specifically is involved in the synthesis of Man3-GlcNAc2-dolichol diphosphate. Defects in the gene encoding ALG2 is the cause of congential disorder of glycosylation type 11, which results in severe systemic effects, such as psychomotor retardation, immunodefinciecy, dysmorphic features and defects in nervous system deveoplement. There are two isoforms of ALG2 that are produced as a result of alternative splicing events.

## **REFERENCES**

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- Kämpf, M., et al. 2009. Biochemical characterization and membrane topology of Alg2 from Saccharomyces cerevisiae as a bifunctional α1,3- and 1,6-mannosyltransferase involved in lipid-linked oligosaccharide biosynthesis. J. Biol. Chem. 284: 11900-11912.

# **CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION**

Genetic locus: ALG2 (human) mapping to 9q22.33.

# **SOURCE**

ALG2 (S-16) is an affinity purified goat polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping within an internal region of ALG2 of human origin.

# **STORAGE**

Store at 4° C, \*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

#### **PRODUCT**

Each vial contains 200  $\mu g$  lgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-107141 P, (100  $\mu$ g peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

## **APPLICATIONS**

ALG2 (S-16) is recommended for detection of ALG2 of human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 µg per 100-500 µg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000); non cross-reactive with other ALG family members.

Suitable for use as control antibody for ALG2 siRNA (h): sc-92608, ALG2 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-92608-SH and ALG2 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-92608-V.

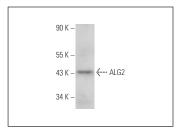
Molecular Weight of ALG2: 47 kDa.

Positive Controls: Hep G2 cell lysate: sc-2227.

## **RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS**

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2020 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2033 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use donkey anti-goat IgG-FITC: sc-2024 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or donkey anti-goat IgG-TR: sc-2783 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz™ Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

# **DATA**



ALG2 (S-16): sc-107141. Western blot analysis of ALG2 expression in Hep G2 whole cell lysate.

## **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

#### **PROTOCOLS**

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.