## BACKGROUND

DEAD-box proteins, characterized by the conserved motif Asp-Glu-Ala-Asp, are putative RNA helicases implicated in several cellular processes involving modifications of RNA secondary structure and ribosome/spliceosome assembly. Based on their distribution patterns, some members of this family may be involved in embryogenesis, spermatogenesis and cellular growth and division. DDX40 (DEAH (Asp-Glu-Ala-His) box polypeptide 40), also known as DHX40, PAD or ARG147, is a 779 amino acid protein that belongs to the DEAD-box family and contains one helicase C-terminal domain and one helicase ATPbinding domain. Expressed ubiquitously, DDX40 exists as multiple alternatively spliced isoforms and is thought to function as an ATP-dependent RNA helicase.

## REFERENCES

1. Schmid, S.R. and Linder, P. 1992. DEAD protein family of putative RNA helicases. Mol. Microbiol. 6: 283-291.
2. Tanner, N.K. and Linder, P. 2001. DEXD/H box RNA helicases: from generic motors to specific dissociation functions. Mol. Cell 8: 251-262.
3. Xu, J., et al. 2002. Identification of a novel human DDX40 gene, a new member of the DEAH-box protein family. J. Hum. Genet. 47: 681-683.
4. Abdelhaleem, M., et al. 2003. The human DDX and DHX gene families of putative RNA helicases. Genomics 81: 618-622.
5. Online Mendelian Inheritance in Man, OMIM ${ }^{\text {TM }}$. 2003. Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, MD. MIM Number: 607570. World Wide Web URL: http://www.ncbi.nIm.nih.gov/omim/
6. Cordin, 0. , et al. 2006. The DEAD-box protein family of RNA helicases Gene 367: 17-37.
7. Linder, P. 2006. DEAD-box proteins: a family affair-active and passive players in RNP-remodeling. Nucleic Acids Res. 34: 4168-4180.

## CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: DHX40 (human) mapping to 17q23.1; Dhx40 (mouse) mapping to 11 C .

## SOURCE

DDX40 (C-15) is an affinity purified goat polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping near the C -terminus of DDX40 of human origin.

## PRODUCT

Each vial contains $200 \mu \mathrm{glgG}$ in 1.0 ml of PBS with $<0.1 \%$ sodium azide and $0.1 \%$ gelatin.
Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-109254 P, ( $100 \mu \mathrm{~g}$ peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing $<0.1 \%$ sodium azide and $0.2 \%$ BSA).

## STORAGE

Store at $4^{\circ}$ C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

## APPLICATIONS

DDX40 (C-15) is recommended for detection of DDX40 of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

DDX40 (C-15) is also recommended for detection of DDX40 in additional species, including equine, canine, bovine and porcine.
Suitable for use as control antibody for DDX40 siRNA (h): sc-93803, DDX40 siRNA (m): sc-142937, DDX40 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-93803-SH, DDX40 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-142937-SH, DDX40 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-93803-V and DDX40 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-142937-V.
Molecular Weight of DDX40: 86 kDa .

## RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2020 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2033 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz MarkerT Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use donkey anti-goat IgG-FITC: sc-2024 (dilution range: 1:1001:400) or donkey anti-goat IgG-TR: sc-2783 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz ${ }^{\text {M }}$ Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

## RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

## PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.

