

OR13C2/9 (C-13)-R: sc-109611-R

BACKGROUND

Olfactory receptors are G protein-coupled receptors that localize to the cilia of olfactory sensory neurons where they display affinity for and bind to a variety of odor molecules. The genes encoding olfactory receptors comprise the largest family in the human genome. The binding of olfactory receptor proteins to odor molecules triggers a signal transduction that propagates nerve impulses throughout the body, ultimately leading to transmission of the signal to the brain and the subsequent perception of smell. OR13C2 (olfactory receptor 13C2) and OR13C9 (olfactory receptor 13C9) are 318 amino acid proteins. The genes encoding both proteins map to human chromosome 9.

REFERENCES

1. Malnic, B., Hirono, J., Sato, T. and Buck, L.B. 1999. Combinatorial receptor codes for odors. *Cell* 96: 713-723.
2. Glusman, G., Bahar, A., Sharon, D., Pilpel, Y., White, J. and Lancet, D. 2000. The olfactory receptor gene superfamily: data mining, classification, and nomenclature. *Mamm. Genome* 11: 1016-1023.
3. Gaillard, I., Rouquier, S. and Giorgi, D. 2004. Olfactory receptors. *Cell. Mol. Life Sci.* 61: 456-469.
4. Buck, L.B. 2004. Olfactory receptors and odor coding in mammals. *Nutr. Rev.* 62: S184-S188.
5. Malnic, B., Godfrey, P.A. and Buck, L.B. 2004. The human olfactory receptor gene family. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 101: 2584-2589.
6. Khafizov, K., Anselmi, C., Menini, A. and Carloni, P. 2007. Ligand specificity of odorant receptors. *J. Mol. Model.* 13: 401-409.
7. Rinaldi, A. 2007. The scent of life. The exquisite complexity of the sense of smell in animals and humans. *EMBO Rep.* 8: 629-633.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: OR13C9/OR13C2 (human) mapping to 9q31.1.

SOURCE

OR13C2/9 (C-13)-R is an affinity purified rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping within a C-terminal cytoplasmic domain of OR13C9 of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 µg IgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-109611 P, (100 µg peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, ****DO NOT FREEZE****. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

APPLICATIONS

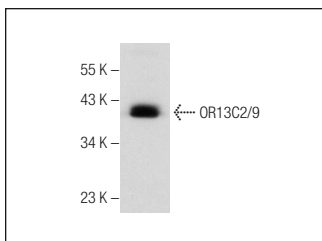
OR13C2/9 (C-13) is recommended for detection of OR13C2 and OR13C9 of human and rat origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 µg per 100-500 µg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000); non cross-reactive with other OR13 family members.

Positive Controls: Rat brain extract: sc-2392 or K-562 whole cell lysate: sc-2203.

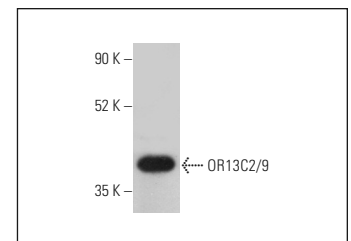
RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP: sc-2004 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP: sc-2030 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use goat anti-rabbit IgG-FITC: sc-2012 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or goat anti-rabbit IgG-TR: sc-2780 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz™ Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

DATA



OR13C2/9 (C-13)-R: sc-109611-R. Western blot analysis of OR13C2/9 expression in rat brain tissue extract.



OR13C2/9 (C-13)-R: sc-109611-R. Western blot analysis of OR13C2/9 expression in K-562 whole cell lysate.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.