SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

Tyro3 (M-20): sc-1098



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

Receptor tyrosine kinases (RTKs) represent an important class of transmembrane signaling molecules. Binding of the extracellular domain of a RTK to its cognate ligand leads to receptor dimerization and the activation of the intrinsic tyrosine kinase activity of its intracellular kinase domain. The AXL/ UFO subfamily of receptor tyrosine kinases is comprised of members Tyro3 (also referred to as BYK, Brt, Dtk, Rse, Tif or Sky), Axl (also called Tyro7 or UFO) and Mer (also called Nyk, c-Eyk and Tyro12). Members of this family have a common molecular structure which contain an N-terminal extracellular domain comprised of two Ig domains, two FNIII domains, a membrane spanning single helix followed by the cytoplasmic tyrosine kinase domain. These RTKs are functionally significant in spermatogenesis, immunoregulation and phagocytosis. Tyro3, Axl and Mer are widely expressed in adult tissues with their expression most abundant in brain, testis, lymphatic and vascular tissue. Tyro3 has been shown to undergo post-translational modifications including both tyrosine phosphorylation as well as glycosylation. Two proteins, Protein S and Gas6, have been proposed as ligands for the AXL/UFO family of receptors. Both function as anti-coagulants through an unknown mechanism. Gas6 was cloned as a growth arrest-specific gene, while Protein S is an abundant serum protein which is thought to act by indirectly inhibiting proteases involved in the coagulation response.

REFERENCES

- 1. Janssen, J.W.G., et al. 1991. A novel putative tyrosine kinase receptor with oncogenic potential. Oncogene. 6: 2113-2120.
- Schlessinger, J., et al. 1992. Growth factor signaling by receptor tyrosine kinases. Neuron 9: 383-391.
- Biesecker, L.G., et al. 1995. Identification of alternative exons, including a novel exon, in the tyrosine kinase receptor gene Etk2/Tyro3 that explain differences in 5' cDNA sequences. Oncogene 10: 2239-2242.
- Taylor, I.C., et al. 1995. Overexpression of the Sky receptor tyrosine kinase at the cell surface or in the cytoplasm results in ligand-independent activation. Oncogene 11: 2619-2626.
- 5. Stitt, T.N., et al. 1995. The anti-coagulation factor Protein S and its relative, Gas6, are ligands for the Tyro3/Axl family of receptor tyrosine kinases. Cell 80: 661-670.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: TYRO3 (human) mapping to 15q25; Tyro3 (mouse) mapping to 2 F.

SOURCE

Tyro3 (M-20) is an affinity purified goat polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping at the C-terminus of Tyro3 of mouse origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 μg lgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-1098 P, (100 μ g peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

APPLICATIONS

Tyro3 (M-20) is recommended for detection of Tyro3 of mouse and rat origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 μ g per 100-500 μ g of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Suitable for use as control antibody for Tyro3 siRNA (m): sc-36439.

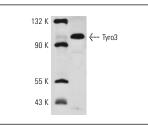
Molecular Weight of Tyro3: 120 kDa.

Positive Controls: mouse brain extract: sc-2253.

RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2020 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2033 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use donkey anti-goat IgG-FITC: sc-2024 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or donkey anti-goat IgG-TR: sc-2783 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz™ Mounting Medium: sc-24941.





Tyro3 (M-20): sc-1098. Western blot analysis of Tyro3 expression in mouse brain extract.

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

 Rydziel, S., et al. 2004. AU-rich elements in the Collagenase 3 mRNA mediate stabilization of the transcript by Cortisol in osteoblasts. J. Biol. Chem. 279: 5397-5404.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.