## SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

# BTBD14B (S-15): sc-109928



## BACKGROUND

The BTB (broad-complex, tramtrack and bric a brac) domain, also known as the POZ (poxvirus and zinc finger) domain, is an N-terminal homodimerization domain that contains multiple copies of kelch repeats and/or C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>2</sub>-type zinc fingers. Proteins that contain BTB domains are thought to be involved in transcriptional regulation via control of chromatin structure and function. BTBD14B (BTB/POZ domain-containing protein 14B), also known as NACC1 (nucleus accumbens associated 1), BEND8 or NAC1, is a 527 amino acid protein that localizes to both the nucleus and the cytoplasm and contains one BTB (POZ) domain. Existing as a homooligomer that interacts with HDAC3 and HDAC4, BTBD14B functions as a transcriptional repressor that influences the transcriptional activity of CRIF1 and is required for proteasome recruitment to the nucleus and cytoplasm in dendritic spines. BTBD14B is overexpressed in multiple carcinomas, suggesting a role in tumor development and metastasis.

#### REFERENCES

- 1. Bardwell, V.J., et al. 1994. The POZ domain: a conserved protein-protein interaction motif. Genes Dev. 8: 1664-1677.
- 2. Zollman, S., et al. 1994. The BTB domain, found primarily in zinc finger proteins, defines an evolutionarily conserved family that includes several developmentally regulated genes in Drosophila. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 91: 10717-10721.
- 3. Korutla, L., et al. 2002. Differences in expression, actions and cocaine regulation of two isoforms for the brain transcriptional regulator NAC1. Neuroscience 110: 421-429.
- 4. Korutla, L., et al. 2005. The POZ/BTB protein NAC1 interacts with two different histone deacetylases in neuronal-like cultures. J. Neurochem. 94: 786-793.
- 5. Nakayama, K., et al. 2006. A BTB/POZ protein, NAC-1, is related to tumor recurrence and is essential for tumor growth and survival. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 103: 18739-18744.

#### CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: NACC1 (human) mapping to 19p13.2.

#### SOURCE

BTBD14B (S-15) is an affinity purified goat polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping within an internal region of BTBD14B of human origin.

## PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 µg lgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-109928 P, (100 µg peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

#### **STORAGE**

Store at 4° C, \*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

### **APPLICATIONS**

BTBD14B (S-15) is recommended for detection of BTBD14B of human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 µg per 100-500 µg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000); non cross-reactive with other BTB family members.

BTBD14B (S-15) is also recommended for detection of BTBD14B in additional species, including equine, canine, bovine and porcine.

Suitable for use as control antibody for BTBD14B siRNA (h): sc-97419, BTBD14B shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-97419-SH and BTBD14B shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-97419-V.

Molecular Weight (predicted) of BTBD14B: 57 kDa.

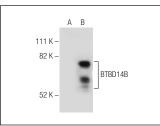
Molecular Weight (observed) of BTBD14B: 62 kDa.

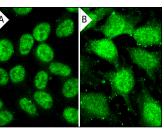
Positive Controls: BTBD14B (h): 293T Lysate: sc-116444 or Hep G2 cell lysate: sc-2227.

## **RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS**

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2020 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2033 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use donkey anti-goat IgG-FITC: sc-2024 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or donkey anti-goat IgG-TR: sc-2783 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz<sup>™</sup> Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

## DATA





BTBD14B (S-15): sc-109928. Western blot analysis of BTBD14B expression in non-transfected: sc-117752 (A) and human BTBD14B transfected: sc-116444 (B) 293T whole cell lysates

BTBD14B (S-15): sc-109928. Immunofluorescence staining of formalin-fixed HepG2 cells showing nuclear localization (A). Immunofluorescence staining of methanol-fixed HeLa cells showing nuclear and cytoplasmic localization (B)

## **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

#### **PROTOCOLS**

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.