SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

Pax-6 (H-295): sc-11357



BACKGROUND

Pax genes contain paired domains with strong homology to genes in *Drosophila* which are involved in programming early development. Lesions in the Pax-6 gene accounts for most cases of aniridia, a congenital malformation of the eye, chiefly characterized by iris hypoplasia, which can cause blindness. Pax-6 is involved in other anterior segment malformations besides aniridia, such as Peters' anomaly, a major error in the embryonic development of the eye with corneal clouding with variable iridolenticulocorneal adhesions. The Pax-6 gene encodes a transcriptional regulator that recognizes target genes through its paired-type DNA-binding domain. The paired domain is composed of two distinct DNA-binding subdomains, the aminoterminal subdomain and the carboxy-terminal subdomain, which bind respective consensus DNA sequences. The human Pax-6 gene produces two alternatively spliced isoforms that have the distinct structure of the paired domain.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: PAX6 (human) mapping to 11p13; Pax6 (mouse) mapping to 2 E3.

SOURCE

Pax-6 (H-295) is a rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against amino acids 264-422 mapping at the C-terminus of Pax-6 of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 μg lgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Available as TransCruz reagent for Gel Supershift and ChIP applications, sc-11357 X, 200 $\mu\text{g}/0.1$ ml.

APPLICATIONS

Pax-6 (H-295) is recommended for detection of Pax-6 of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 μ g per 100-500 μ g of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Pax-6 (H-295) is also recommended for detection of Pax-6 in additional species, including equine, canine, bovine, porcine and avian.

Suitable for use as control antibody for Pax-6 siRNA (h): sc-36195, Pax-6 siRNA (m): sc-36196, Pax-6 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-36195-SH, Pax-6 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-36196-SH, Pax-6 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-36195-V and Pax-6 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-36196-V.

Pax-6 (H-295) X TransCruz antibody is recommended for Gel Supershift and ChIP applications.

Molecular Weight of Pax-6: 47 kDa.

Positive Controls: Y79 nuclear extract: sc-2126 or rat eye extract: sc-364805.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

DATA





ing of methanol-fixed Y79 cells showing nuclear

Pax-6 (H-295): sc-11357. Western blot analysis of Pax-6 expression in Y79 nuclear extract (**A**) and rat eye tissue extract (**B**).

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

 Koch, H., et al. 1979. Diagnosis of acute gastrointestinal hemorrhages. MMW Munch. Med. Wochenschr. 121: 975-976.

localization

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Try Pax-6 (PAX6): sc-81649 or Pax-6 (AD2.35):

sc-53108, our highly recommended monoclonal aternatives to Pax-6 (H-295). Also, for AC, HRP, FITC, PE, Alexa Fluor[®] 488 and Alexa Fluor[®] 647 conjugates, see **Pax-6 (PAX6): sc-81649**.