SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

PMS1 (H-300): sc-11439

SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY

The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

The finding that mutations in DNA mismatch repair genes are associated with hereditary nonpolyposis colorectal cancer (HNPCC) has resulted in considerable interest in the understanding of the mechanism of DNA mismatch repair. Initially, inherited mutations in the MSH2 and MLH1 homologs of the bacterial DNA mismatch repair genes MutS and MutL were demonstrated at high frequency in HNPCC and were shown to be associated with microsatellite instability. The demonstration that 10 to 45% of pancreatic, gastric, breast, ovarian and small cell lung cancers also display microsatellite instability has been interpreted to suggest that DNA mismatch repair is not restricted to HNPCC tumors but is a common feature in tumor initiation or progression. Two additional homologs of the prokaryotic MutL gene, designated PMS1 and PMS2, have been identified and shown to be mutated in the germline of HNPCC patients.

REFERENCES

1. Peltomäki, P., et al. 1993. Genetic mapping of a locus predisposing to human colorectal cancer. Science 260: 810-812.
2. Ionov, Y., et al. 1993. Ubiquitous somatic mutations in simple repeated sequences reveal a new mechanism for colonic carcinogenesis. Nature 363: 558-561.
3. Papadopoulos, N., et al. 1994. Mutation of a mutL homolog in hereditary colon cancer. Science 263: 1625-1629.
4. Prolla, T.A., et al. 1994. MLH1, PMS1, and MSH2 interactions during the initation of DNA mismatch repair in yeast. Science 265: 1091-1092.
5. Palombo, F., et al. 1994. Mismatch repair and cancer. Nature 367: 417-418.
6. Bronner, C.E., et al. 1994. Mutation in the DNA mismatch repair gene homologue hMLH1 is associated with hereditary non-polyposis colon cancer. Nature 368: 258-261.
7. Nicolaides, N.C., et al. 1994. Mutations of two PMS homologues in hereditary nonpolyposis colon cancer. Nature 371: 75-80.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: PMS1 (human) mapping to 2q32.2.

SOURCE

PMS1 (H-300) is a rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against amino acids 633-932 mapping at the C-terminus of PMS1 of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 µg IgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

APPLICATIONS

PMS1 (H-300) is recommended for detection of PMS1 of human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 µg per 100-500 µg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

PMS1 (H-300) is also recommended for detection of PMS1 in additional species, including equine, canine, bovine and porcine.

Suitable for use as control antibody for PMS1 siRNA (h): sc-37409, PMS1 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-37409-SH and PMS1 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-37409-V.

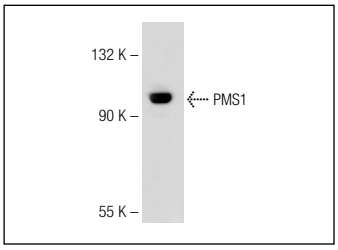
Molecular Weight of PMS1: 115 kDa.

Positive Controls: T24 cell lysate: sc-2292.

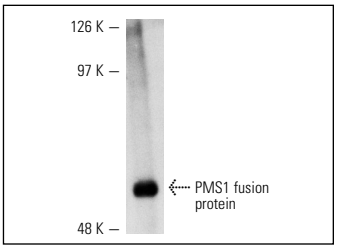
RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP: sc-2004 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP: sc-2030 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use goat anti-rabbit IgG-FITC: sc-2012 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or goat anti-rabbit IgG-TR: sc-2780 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz™ Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

DATA



PMS1 (H-300): sc-11439. Western blot analysis of PMS1 expression in T24 whole cell lysate.



PMS1 (H-300): sc-11439. Western blot analysis of human recombinant PMS1 fusion protein.

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

1. Luo, Y., et al. 2004. ATM-mediated stabilization of hMutL DNA mismatch repair proteins augments p53 activation during DNA damage. Mol. Cell. Biol. 24: 6430-6444.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.