SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

ZO-3 (H-130): sc-11449



BACKGROUND

Tight junctions are complexes of proteins that create intercellular boundaries between the plasma membrane domains of epithelial and endothelial cells. Many of the tight junction-associated proteins are members of the membrane-associated guanylate kinase (MAGUK) family and include Occludin, ZO-1, ZO-2 and ZO-3. These proteins are thought to have both structural and signaling roles, and are characteristically defined by three protein-protein interaction modules: the PDZ domain, the SH3 domain and the guanylate kinase (GuK) domain. ZO-1 forms complexes with either ZO-2 or ZO-3. In addition, these proteins can also associate with claudin, Occludin and F-actin at tight junction stands, where they provide a linkage between the actin cytoskeleton and the tight junction. ZO-1 expression is significantly reduced in many breast cancer lines. ZO-2 and ZO-3 are ubiquitously expressed within epithelial tight junctions, and unlike ZO-1, which is also expressed at cell junctions of cardiac myocytes, ZO-2 is not expressed in nonepithelial tigsue.

REFERENCES

- Furuse, M., et al. 1994. Direct association of Occludin with ZO-1 and its possible involvement in the localization of Occludin at tight junctions. J. Cell Biol. 127: 1617-1626.
- 2. Anderson, J.M. 1996. Cell signalling: MAGUK magic. Curr. Biol. 6: 382-384.
- Haskins, J., et al. 1998. ZO-3, a novel member of the MAGUK protein family found at the tight junction, interacts with ZO-1 and Occludin. J. Cell Biol. 141: 199-208.
- Hoover, K.B., et al. 1998. Loss of the tight junction MAGUK ZO-1 in breast cancer: relationship to glandular differentiation and loss of heterozygosity. Am. J. Pathol. 153: 1767-1773.
- 5. Itoh, M., et al. 1999. Characterization of ZO-2 as a MAGUK family member associated with tight as well as adherens junctions with a binding affinity to Occludin and α -catenin. J. Biol. Chem. 274: 5981-5986.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: TJP3 (human) mapping to 19p13.3; Tjp3 (mouse) mapping to 10 C1.

SOURCE

ZO-3 (H-130) is a rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against amino acids 91-220 mapping near the N-terminus of ZO-3 of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 μg lgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **D0 NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

APPLICATIONS

ZO-3 (H-130) is recommended for detection of ZO-3 of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 μ g per 100-500 μ g of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

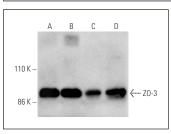
Suitable for use as control antibody for ZO-3 siRNA (h): sc-43538, ZO-3 siRNA (m): sc-43539, ZO-3 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-43538-SH, ZO-3 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-43539-SH, ZO-3 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-43538-V and ZO-3 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-43539-V.

Positive Controls: HeLa whole cell lysate: sc-2200, MCF7 whole cell lysate: sc-2206 or HCT-116 whole cell lysate: sc-364175.

RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP: sc-2004 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker[™] compatible goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP: sc-2030 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker[™] Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use goat anti-rabbit IgG-FITC: sc-2012 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or goat anti-rabbit IgG-TR: sc-2780 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz[™] Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

DATA



ZO-3 (H-130): sc-11449. Western blot analysis of ZO-3 expression in HeLa ($\bf A$), MCF7 (B), HT-29 ($\bf C$) and HCT-116 ($\bf D$) whole cell lysates.

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

- Han, X., et al. 2004. Increased iNOS activity is essential for pulmonary epithelial tight junction dysfunction in endotoxemic mice. Am. J. Physiol. Lung Cell Mol. Physiol. 286: L259-L267.
- Reiter, B., et al. 2006. TRPV4-mediated regulation of epithelial permeability. FASEB J. 20: 1802-1812.
- Paschoud, S., et al. 2008. Inducible overexpression of Cingulin in stably transfected MDCK cells does not affect tight junction organization and gene expression. Mol. Membr. Biol. 25: 1-13.