

CD93 (h): 293T Lysate: sc-114650

BACKGROUND

The CD93 antigen is a 652 amino acid cell-surface glycoprotein expressed by monocytes, neutrophils, platelets, microglia, and endothelial cells. CD93 was originally thought to be a putative receptor for the complement component C1q, a serum glycoprotein which plays an integral role in the activation of the classical pathway in response to immune complexes. As a result, in the literature the CD93 gene product has also been referred to as C1QR1 and C1qRp as well as MXRA4 (matrix-remodeling-associated protein 4). Recent studies suggest that the CD93 antigen plays a role in intercellular adhesion and in clearance of apoptotic cells. CD93 is a heavily O-glycosylated, type I transmembrane protein consisting of an N-terminal domain with homology to C-type lectin domains, a tandem array of EGF-like domains, a single transmembrane domain and a short cytoplasmic tail.

REFERENCES

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CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: CD93 (human) mapping to 20p11.21.

PRODUCT

CD93 (h): 293T Lysate represents a lysate of human CD93 transfected 293T cells and is provided as 100 µg protein in 200 µl SDS-PAGE buffer.

STORAGE

Store at -20° C. Repeated freezing and thawing should be minimized. Sample vial should be boiled once prior to use. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

APPLICATIONS

CD93 (h): 293T Lysate is suitable as a Western Blotting positive control for human reactive CD93 antibodies. Recommended use: 10-20 µl per lane.

Control 293T Lysate: sc-117752 is available as a Western Blotting negative control lysate derived from non-transfected 293T cells.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.