TREK-1 (N-20): sc-11554



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

TREK-1 (also designated TWIK-related K+ channel) and TREK-2 are members of the tandem-pore K+ channel family and belong to the class of mechanosensitive and fatty acid-stimulated K+ channels. TREK-1 has an outwardly rectifying current-voltage relationship, while TREK-2 shows inward rectification. Both TREK-1 and TREK-2 are activated by arachidonic acid and other naturally occurring unsaturated free fatty acids. These family members possess two pore-forming domains and four transmembrane segments. TREK-2 is a 538-amino acid protein and shares 65% amino acid sequence identity with TREK-1. TREK-1 is expressed in many different tissues, particularly lung and brain, while TREK-2 is expressed mainly in the cerebellum, spleen, and testis.

REFERENCES

- Pongs, O. 1992. Molecular biology of voltage-dependent potassium channels. Physiol. Rev. 72: 569-588.
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- 3. Wei, A., et al. 1996. Eight potassium channel families revealed by the *C. elegans* genome project. Neuropharmacology 35: 805-829.
- Fink, M., et al. 1996. Cloning, functional expression and brain localization of a novel unconventional outward rectifier K+ channel. EMBO J. 15: 6854-6862.
- 5. Patel, A.J., et al. 1998. A mammalian two pore domain mechano-gated S-like K+ channel. EMBO J. 17: 4283-4290.
- 6. Maingret, F., et al. 1999. TRAAK is a mammalian neuronal mechano-gated K+ channel. J. Biol. Chem. 274: 1381-1387.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: KCNK2 (human) mapping to 1q41; Kcnk2 (mouse) mapping to 1 H6.

SOURCE

TREK-1 (N-20) is an affinity purified goat polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping at the N-terminus of TREK-1 of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 μg lgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-11554 P, (100 μ g peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

APPLICATIONS

TREK-1 (N-20) is recommended for detection of TREK-1 of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 μ g per 100-500 μ g of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

TREK-1 (N-20) is also recommended for detection of TREK-1 in additional species, including equine, canine, bovine, porcine and avian.

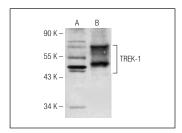
Suitable for use as control antibody for TREK-1 siRNA (h): sc-37180, TREK-1 siRNA (m): sc-37181, TREK-1 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-37180-SH, TREK-1 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-37181-SH, TREK-1 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-37180-V and TREK-1 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-37181-V.

Molecular Weight of TREK-1 monomer: 45-56 kDa.

Molecular Weight of TREK-1 glycosylated homodimer: 99-112 kDa.

Positive Controls: mouse brain extract: sc-2253, human TREK-1 transfected HEK293T whole cell lysate or rat hypothalamus extract: sc-395022.

DATA



TREK-1 (N-20): sc-11554. Western blot analysis of TREK-1 expression in non-transfected (**A**) and human TREK-1 transfected (**B**) HEK293T whole cell lysates.

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

- Bryan, R.M., Jr., et al. 2006. Evidence for two-pore domain potassium channels in rat cerebral arteries. Am. J. Physiol. Heart. Circ. Physiol. 291: H770-H780.
- Xiao, Z., et al. 2009. Noradrenergic depression of neuronal excitability in the entorhinal cortex via activation of TREK-2 K+ channels. J. Biol. Chem. 284: 10980-10991.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.



Try **TREK-1 (F-6):** sc-398449, our highly recommended monoclonal aternative to TREK-1 (N-20).