# IL-1β (C-20): sc-1250



The Power to Question

### **BACKGROUND**

Two forms of interleukin-1, designated IL-1 $\alpha$  and IL-1 $\beta$ , have been described. Although encoded by distinct genes and exhibiting roughly only 25% sequence identity, IL-1 $\alpha$  and IL-1 $\beta$  bind to the same receptor and seem to elicit similar biological responses. IL-1 production is generally thought to be associated with inflammation, but it has also been shown to be expressed during kidney development, thymocyte differentiation and cartilage degradation. IL-1 plays a critical role in the regulation of immune response and inflammation, acting as an activator of T and B lymphocytes and natural killer (NK) cells. In T cells, IL-1 stimulates the production of IL-2 and selectively inhibits IL-4 expression. IL-1 induces B cell proliferation and maturation, and immunoglobulin synthesis. NK cells require IL-1 $\beta$  for production of the anti-pathogen IFN- $\gamma$ . IL-1 has also been implicated in several pathological conditions including rheumatoid arthritis, inflammatory bowel disease and atherosclerosis.

### CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: IL1B (human) mapping to 2q13.

#### **SOURCE**

 $IL-1\beta$  (C-20) is an affinity purified goat polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping at the C-terminus of  $IL-1\beta$  of human origin.

### **PRODUCT**

Each vial contains 200  $\mu g$  lgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-1250 P, (100  $\mu$ g peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

# **APPLICATIONS**

IL-1 $\beta$  (C-20) is recommended for detection of IL-1 $\beta$  of human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2  $\mu$ g per 100-500  $\mu$ g of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Suitable for use as control antibody for IL-1 $\beta$  siRNA (h): sc-39615, IL-1 $\beta$  shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-39615-SH and IL-1 $\beta$  shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-39615-V.

Molecular Weight of IL-1ß precursor: 31 kDa.

Molecular Weight of mature IL-1β: 17 kDa.

Positive Controls: IL-1 $\beta$  (h): 293T Lysate: sc-176712, BJAB whole cell lysate: sc-2207 or SK-N-SH cell lysate: sc-2410.

### **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

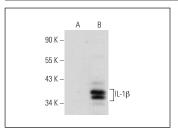
### **PROTOCOLS**

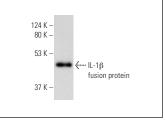
See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.

#### **STORAGE**

Store at 4° C, \*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

### **DATA**





IL-1 $\beta$  (C-20): sc-1250. Western blot analysis of IL-1 $\beta$  expression in non-transfected: sc-117752 (**A**) and human IL-1 $\beta$  transfected: sc-176712 (**B**) 293T whole

IL-1 $\beta$  (C-20): sc-1250. Western blot analysis of human recombinant IL-1 $\beta$  fusion protein.

## **SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS**

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- 3. Boer, K., et al. 2008. Inflammatory processes in cortical tubers and subependymal giant cell tumors of tuberous sclerosis complex. Epilepsy Res. 78: 7-21.
- 4. Culicchia, F., et al. 2008. Upregulation of β-amyloid precursor protein expression in glioblastoma multiforme. Neuroreport 19: 981-985.
- 5. Hill, J.M., et al. 2009. HSV-1 infection of human brain cells induces miRNA-146a and Alzheimer-type inflammatory signaling. Neuroreport 20: 1500-1505.
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- Brizzolara, R., et al. 2011. CTLA4-Ig interferes and downregulates the proinflammatory activities of rheumatoid synovial macrophages in monoculture. Reumatismo 63: 80-85.
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Try IL-1 $\beta$  (E7-2-hIL $\beta$ ): sc-32294 or IL-1 $\beta$  (F-5): sc-515598, our highly recommended monoclonal alternatives to IL-1 $\beta$  (C-20). Also, for AC, HRP, FITC, PE, Alexa Fluor® 488 and Alexa Fluor® 647 conjugates, see IL-1 $\beta$  (E7-2-hIL $\beta$ ): sc-32294.