# SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

# PCNA (aN-15): sc-12849



# BACKGROUND

The proliferating cell nuclear antigen (PCNA), a protein synthesized in early  $G_1$  and S phases of the cell cycle, functions in cell cycle progression, DNA replication, and DNA repair. In early S phase, PCNA exhibits granular distribution and is absent from the nucleoli, however, in late S phase, it relocates to the nucleoli. PCNA exists in two basic forms, one involved in ongoing DNA replication. which localizes specifically to the nucleus, and a second, soluble form, not implicated in constant synthesis. Interestingly, the latter form degrades in the presence of organic solvents, rendering it undetectable by histological methods in tissues using organic fixatives, and thus also providing a method of visualizing only the synthesizing form.

# REFERENCES

- Bravo, R., et al. 1987. Existence of two populations of cyclin/proliferating cell nuclear antigen during the cell cycle: association with DNA replication sites. J. Cell. Biol. 105: 1549-1554.
- Waseem, N.H., Lane DP. 1990. Monoclonal antibody analysis of the proliferating cell nuclear antigen (PCNA). Structural conservation and the detection of a nucleolar form. J Cell Sci. 96(pt 1):121-9. PMID: 1695635
- Woods, A.L., et al. 1991. The assessment of proliferating cell nuclear antigen (PCNA) immunostaining in primary gastrointestinal lymphomas and its relationship to histological grade, S+G2+M phase fraction (flow cytometric analysis) and prognosis. Histopathol. 19: 21-27.
- Baida, A., et al. 2003. Germline mutations at microsatellite loci in homozygous and heterozygous mutants for mismatch repair and PCNA genes in Drosophila. DNA Repair 2: 827-833.
- Thacker, S.A., et al. 2003. The contribution of E2F-regulated transcription to Drosophila PCNA gene function. Curr. Biol. 13: 53-58.
- Hong, R., et al. 2003. The human proliferating cell nuclear antigen regulates transcriptional coactivator p300 activity and promotes transcriptional repression. J. Biol. Chem. 278: 44505-44513.
- Kwon, E., et al. 2004. Armadillo/Pangolin regulates PCNA and DREF promoter activities. Biochim. Biophys. Acta 1679: 256-262.
- Lopez, A., et al. 2005. Germline genomic instability in PCNA mutants of Drosophila: DNA fingerprinting and microsatellite analysis. Mutat. Res. 570: 253-265.
- 9. Kisielewska, J., et al. 2005. GFP-PCNA as an S phase marker in embryos during the first and subsequent cell cycles. Biol. Cell 97: 221-229.

#### SOURCE

PCNA (aN-15) is an affinity purified goat polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping near the N-terminus of PCNA of *Arabidopsis thaliana* origin.

# PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200  $\mu g$  IgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-12849 P, (100  $\mu$ g peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

#### APPLICATIONS

PCNA (aN-15) is recommended for detection of PCNA of *Arabidopsis thaliana*, *Nicotiana tabacum*, *Zea mays*, and *Pisum sativum* origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Molecular Weight of PCNA: 36 kDa.

#### **RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS**

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2020 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2033 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluo-rescence: use donkey anti-goat IgG-FITC: sc-2024 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or donkey anti-goat IgG-TR: sc-2783 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz™ Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

### SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

 Acosta, C., et al. 2005. The two ways to produce putrescine in tomato are cell-specific during normal development. Plant Sci. 168: 1053-1057.

#### **STORAGE**

Store at 4° C, \*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

#### **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

#### PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.