# SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

# p-TNIK (Ser 764): sc-130221



BACKGROUND

The phosphorylation and dephosphorylation of proteins on serine and threonine residues is an essential means of regulating a broad range of cellular functions in eukaryotes, including cell division, homeostasis and apoptosis. A group of proteins that are intimately involved in this process are the serine/ threonine (Ser/Thr) protein kinases. TNIK (TRAF2 and NCK-interacting protein kinase) is a 1,360 amino acid protein that contains one protein kinase domain and belongs to a subfamily of Ser/Thr protein kinases. Expressed ubiquitously with highest expression in brain, heart and skeletal muscle, TNIK functions as a stress-activated Ser/Thr kinase that catalyzes the ATP-dependent phosphorylation of target proteins and is thought to play a role in the response to environmental stress. Additionally, via its catalytic activity, TNIK may participate in cytoskeletal regulation events throughout the cell. TNIK exists as eight isoforms that are produced by alternative splicing events. Human TNIK may be phosphorylated on specific amino acid residues, including Ser 764.

## REFERENCES

- Hanks, S.K., et al. 1988. The protein kinase family: conserved features and deduced phylogeny of the catalytic domains. Science 241: 42-52.
- 2. Hunter, T. 1991. Protein kinase classification. Meth. Enzymol. 200: 3-37.
- Nagase, T., et al. 1998. Prediction of the coding sequences of unidentified human genes. IX. The complete sequences of 100 new cDNA clones from brain which can code for large proteins *in vitro*. DNA Res. 5: 31-39.
- 4. Fu, C.A., et al. 1999. TNIK, a novel member of the germinal center kinase family that activates the c-Jun N-terminal kinase pathway and regulates the cytoskeleton. J. Biol. Chem. 274: 30729-30737.
- Brill, L.M., et al. 2004. Robust phosphoproteomic profiling of tyrosine phosphorylation sites from human T cells using immobilized metal affinity chromatography and tandem mass spectrometry. Anal. Chem. 76: 2763-2772.
- Taira, K., et al. 2004. The TRAF2- and NCK-interacting kinase as a putative effector of Rap 2 to regulate Actin cytoskeleton. J. Biol. Chem. 279: 49488-49496.
- 7. Online Mendelian Inheritance in Man, OMIM™. 2006. Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, MD. MIM Number: 610005. World Wide Web URL: http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/omim/
- Wissing, J., et al. 2007. Proteomics analysis of protein kinases by target class-selective prefractionation and tandem mass spectrometry. Mol. Cell. Proteomics 6: 537-547.

#### CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: TNIK (human) mapping to 3q26.2.

#### **STORAGE**

Store at 4° C, \*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

#### **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

# SOURCE

p-TNIK (Ser 764) is a rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against a short amino acid sequence containing phosphorylated Ser 764 of TNIK of human origin.

## PRODUCT

Each vial contains 100  $\mu g$  lgG in 1.0 ml PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

## **APPLICATIONS**

p-TNIK (Ser 764) is recommended for detection of Ser 764 phosphorylated TNIK of human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 µg per 100-500 µg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500), immunohistochemistry (including paraffin-embedded sections) (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Suitable for use as control antibody for TNIK siRNA (h): sc-78453, TNIK shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-78453-SH and TNIK shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-78453-V.

Molecular Weight of p-TNIK: 150 kDa.

# **RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS**

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western blotting: use goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP: sc-2004 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker<sup>™</sup> compatible goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP: sc-2030 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker<sup>™</sup> Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto B Blocking Reagent: sc-2335 (use 50 mM NaF, sc-24988, as diluent) and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use goat anti-rabbit IgG-FITC: sc-2012 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or goat anti-rabbit IgG-FIT: sc-2780 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz<sup>™</sup> Mounting Medium: sc-24941. 4) Immunohistochemistry: use ImmunoCruz<sup>™</sup>: sc-2051 or ABC: sc-2018 rabbit IgG Staining Systems.

#### DATA



p-TNIK (Ser 764): sc-130221. Immunoperoxidase staining of formalin fixed, paraffin-embedded human cancer tissue showing cytoplasmic staining.

#### PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.