PIG-K (C-25): sc-130233



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

Phosphatidylinositol-glycans (PIGs) are multi-pass transmembrane proteins that localize to the endoplasmic reticulum. PIGs exhibit various functions but all are crucial for the biosynthesis of the glycosylphosphatidylinositol (GPI)-anchor. Some PIG proteins are components of the GPI transamidase (GPIT) complex and play a role in the recognition of either the GPI attachment signal or the lipid portion of GPI. Other PIGs belong to the glycosyltransferase complex and function in the transfer of N-acetylglucosamine (GlcNAc) to phosphatidylinositol (PI). A variety of other PIGs play distinct roles in GPI synthesis. PIG-K (also called hGPI8) is the catalytic subunit of GPIT, a multisubunit membrane-bound complex that recognizes the C-terminal signal sequences on proproteins, cleaves them and replaces them with specific GPI lipids. PIG-K functions as a cysteine protease and contains a Cis-His catalytic dyad. It is responsible for cleaving the signal sequence on proteins and forming the amide bond between GPI and the protein.

REFERENCES

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- Ramalingam, S., et al. 1996. COOH-terminal processing of nascent polypeptides by the glycosylphosphatidylinositol transamidase in the presence of hydrazine is governed by the same parameters as glycosylphosphatidylinositol addition. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 93: 7528-7533.
- Benghezal, M., et al. 1997. Yeast Gpi8p is essential for GPI anchor attachment on to proteins. EMBO J. 15: 6575-6583.
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- 5. Nagamune, K., et al. 2003. GPI transamidase of *Trypanosoma brucei* has two previously uncharacterized (trypanosomatid transamidase 1 and three common subunits. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 100: 10682-10687.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: PIGK (human) mapping to 1p31.1; Pigk (mouse) mapping to 3 H3.

SOURCE

PIG-K (C-25) is a purified rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping near the C-terminus of PIG-K of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 100 μg lgG in 1.0 ml PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

APPLICATIONS

PIG-K (C-25) is recommended for detection of PIG-K of mouse and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 µg per 100-500 µg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500), immunohistochemistry (including paraffin-embedded sections) (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Suitable for use as control antibody for PIG-K siRNA (h): sc-62804, PIG-K siRNA (m): sc-62805, PIG-K shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-62804-SH, PIG-K shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-62805-SH, PIG-K shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-62804-V and PIG-K shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-62805-V.

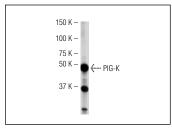
Molecular Weight of PIG-K: 44 kDa.

Positive Controls: Mouse liver extract: sc-2256.

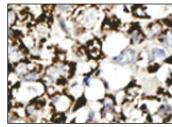
RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use goat anti-rabbit lgG-HRP: sc-2004 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible goat anti-rabbit lgG-HRP: sc-2030 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use goat anti-rabbit lgG-FITC: sc-2012 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or goat anti-rabbit lgG-TR: sc-2780 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz™ Mounting Medium: sc-24941. 4) Immunohistochemistry: use ImmunoCruz™: sc-2051 or ABC: sc-2018 rabbit lgG Staining Systems.

DATA



PIG-K (C-25): sc-130233. Western blot analysis of PIG-K expression in mouse liver tissue extract.



PIG-K (C-25):sc-130233. Immunoperoxidase staining of formalin fixed, paraffin-embedded human cancer tissue showing cytoplasmic staining.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.