PRDM10 (48AT1224.90.46): sc-130240



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

The PR-domain containing proteins (PRDMs) have a common involvment in the modulation of gene activities. A PR-domain family member usually produces two products, which differ by the presence or absence of the PR domain. The PR-plus product is underexpressed or disrupted, whereas the PR-minus product is present or overexpressed in cancer cells. This imbalance in the amount of the two products, which is a result of either genetic or epigenetic events, appears to be an determining cause of malignancy. Research suggests that PR-domain protein PRDM10 may function as a transcription factor.

REFERENCES

- Liu, L., Shao, G., Steele-Perkins, G.and Huang, S. 1997. The retinoblastoma interacting zinc finger gene RIZ produces a PR domain-lacking product through an internal promoter. J. Biol. Chem. 272: 2984-2991.
- 2. Huang, S. 1999. The retinoblastoma protein-interacting zinc finger gene RIZ in 1p36-linked cancers. Front. Biosci. 4: D528-D532.
- 3. Jiang, G.L. and Huang, S. 2000. The yin-yang of PR-domain family genes in tumorigenesis. Histol. Histopathol. 15: 109-117.
- Nagase, T., Ishikawa, K., Kikuno, R., Hirosawa, M., Nomura, N. and Ohara, O. 2000. Prediction of the coding sequences of unidentified human genes. XV. The complete sequences of 100 new cDNA clones from brain which code for large proteins *in vitro*. DNA Res. 6: 337-345.
- Strausberg, R.L., Feingold, E.A., Grouse, L.H., Derge, J.G., Klausner, R.D., Collins, F.S., Wagner, L., Shenmen, C.M., Schuler, G.D., Altschul, S.F., Zeeberg, B., Buetow, K.H., Schaefer, C.F., Bhat, N.K., Hopkins, R.F., et al. 2002. Generation and initial analysis of more than 15,000 full-length human and mous cDNA sequences. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 99: 16899-16903.
- Wilm, T.P. and Solnica-Krezel, L. 2004. Essential roles of a zebrafish PRDM1/blim organogenesis. Development 132: 393-404.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: PRDM10 (human) mapping to 11q24.3; Prdm10 (mouse) mapping to 9 A4.

SOURCE

PRDM10 (48AT1224.90.46) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against an N-terminal peptide of recombinant PRDM10 of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 100 μg lgG_1 in 1.0 ml PBS with <0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

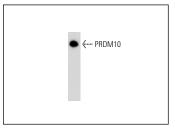
APPLICATIONS

PRDM10 (48AT1224.90.46) is recommended for detection of PRDM10 of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 μ g per 100-500 μ g of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)] and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Suitable for use as control antibody for PRDM10 siRNA (h): sc-72002, PRDM10 siRNA (m): sc-152444, PRDM10 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-72002-SH, PRDM10 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-152444-SH, PRDM10 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-72002-V and PRDM10 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-152444-V.

Molecular Weight of PRDM10: 121 kDa.

DATA



PRDM10 (48AT1224.90.46): sc-130240. Western blot analysis of PRDM10 expression in 293 whole cell lysates.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures

Santa Cruz Biotechnology, Inc. 1.800.457.3801 831.457.3800 fax 831.457.3801 Europe +00800 4573 8000 49 6221 4503 0 www.scbt.com