SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

Krs-2 (E-21): sc-130797



BACKGROUND

Sterile-20 (Ste20) is a serine/threonine kinase in Saccharomyces cerevisiae that is involved in relaying signals from G protein-coupled receptors to cytosolic MAP kinase cascades. Mammalian protein kinases that display sequence similarity to Ste20 are divided into two groups, the PAK subfamily and the GCK subfamily. The PAK subfamily members contain a C-terminal catalytic domain and an N-terminal regulatory domain with a p21Rac/Cdc42-binding site, and these kinases can activate both p38 MAPK and JNK. The GCK subfamily members contain a C-terminal regulatory domain and an N-terminal catalytic domain, and they have diverse roles in many pathways, including the activation of ERK, JNK, p38 MAPK, and caspase-3. The mammalian Ste20like kinases (MST kinases), also known as Krs proteins, are members of the GCK subfamily. Krs-1 (MST-2) and Krs-2 (MST-1) are both direct substrates of caspase-3 that accelerate caspase-3 activation. MST-3 is ubiquitously expressed in mammalian tissue and can phosphorylate exogenous substrates as well as itself. MST-4 is highly expressed in placenta, thymus, and peripheral blood leukocytes, and it specifically activates ERK.

REFERENCES

- 1. Leberer, E., et al. 1992. The protein kinase homologue Ste20p is required to link the yeast pheromone response G-protein $\beta\gamma$ subunits to down-stream signalling components. EMBO J. 11: 4815-4824.
- Schinkmann, K., et al. 1997. Cloning and characterization of a human Ste20-like protein kinase with unusual cofactor requirements. J. Biol. Chem. 272: 28695-28703.
- Raitt, D., et al. 2000. Yeast Cdc42 GTPase and Ste20 PAK-like kinase regulate Sho1-dependent activation of the Hog1 MAPK pathway. EMBO J. 17: 4623-4631.
- Zhou, T.H., et al. 2000. Identification of a human brain-specific isoform of mammalian Ste20-like kinase 3 that is regulated by cAMP-dependent protein kinase. J. Biol. Chem. 275: 2513-2519.
- Lin, J.L., et al. 2001. MST-4, a new Ste20-related kinase that mediates cell growth and transformation via modulating ERK pathway. Oncogene 20: 6559-6569.
- Lee, K., et al. 2001. MST, a physiological caspase substrate, highly sensitizes apoptosis both upstream and downstream of caspase activation. J. Biol. Chem. 276: 19276-19285.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: STK4 (human) mapping to 20q13.12.

SOURCE

Krs-2 (E-21) is a purified rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping near the N-terminus of Krs-2 of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 100 μg IgG in 1.0 ml PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

APPLICATIONS

Krs-2 (E-21) is recommended for detection of Krs-2 of human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 μ g per 100-500 μ g of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)] and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Suitable for use as control antibody for Krs-2 siRNA (h): sc-39249, Krs-2 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-39249-SH and Krs-2 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-39249-V.

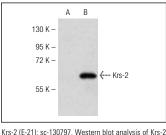
Molecular Weight of Krs-2: 60 kDa.

Positive Controls: HeLa nuclear extract: sc-2120 or Jurkat whole cell lysate: sc-2204.

RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP: sc-2004 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker[™] compatible goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP: sc-2030 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker[™] Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml).

DATA



Krs-2 (E-21): sc-130/97. Western blot analysis of Krs expression in non-transfected (**A**) and human Krs-2 transfected (**B**) 293 whole cell lysates.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **D0 NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

MONOS Satisfation Guaranteed Try Krs-2 (H-8): sc-515051 or Krs-2 (RJ-5): sc-100449, our highly recommended monoclonal alternatives to Krs-2 (E-21).