## SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

# CMAH (S-14): sc-131131



## BACKGROUND

The sialic acids are a family of acidic sugars typically found in the outer portion of the cell surface and in secreted glycoconjugates of all vertebrates. Cell membrane sialic acid is involved in cell-cell and cell-pathogen interactions and in binding of cells to the extracellular matrix. The two most common forms of sialic acid found in mammalian cells are N-acetylneuraminic acid (Neu5Ac) and its hydroxylated derivative, N-glycolylneuraminic acid (Neu5Gc). CMAH (cytidine monophospho-N-acetylneuraminic acid hydroxylase), also known as CMP-Neu5Ac hydroxylase or CMP-N-acetylneuraminate monooxygenase, is a 577 amino acid cytoplasmic protein that is expressed in all tissues, except in brain. Belonging to the CMP-Neu5Ac hydroxylated derivative CMP-Neu5Gc, a sialic acid abundantly expressed at the surface of many cells. CMAH exists as two isoforms due to alternative splicing events. Isoform 2 is expressed in the endoplasmic reticulum.

## REFERENCES

- Kawano, T., et al. 1995. Molecular cloning of cytidine monophospho-Nacetylneuraminic acid hydroxylase. Regulation of species- and tissuespecific expression of N-glycolylneuraminic acid. J. Biol. Chem. 270: 16458-16463.
- 2. Muchmore, E.A., et al. 1998. A structural difference between the cell surfaces of humans and the great apes. Am. J. Phys. Anthropol. 107: 187-198.
- 3. Online Mendelian Inheritance in Man, OMIM™. 1998. Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, MD. MIM Number: 603209. World Wide Web URL: http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/omim/
- Chou, H.H., et al. 2002. Inactivation of CMP-N-acetylneuraminic acid hydroxylase occurred prior to brain expansion during human evolution. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 99: 11736-11741.
- Bighignoli, B., et al. 2007. Cytidine monophospho-N-acetylneuraminic acid hydroxylase (CMAH) mutations associated with the domestic cat AB blood group. BMC Genet. 8: 27.
- Naito, Y., et al. 2007. Germinal center marker GL7 probes activation-dependent repression of N-glycolylneuraminic acid, a sialic acid species involved in the negative modulation of B-cell activation. Mol. Cell. Biol. 27: 3008-3022.
- Hedlund, M., et al. 2007. N-glycolylneuraminic acid deficiency in mice: implications for human biology and evolution. Mol. Cell. Biol. 27: 4340-4346.
- Varki, A. 2009. Multiple changes in sialic acid biology during human evolution. Glycoconj. J. 26: 231-245.
- 9. Rich, S.M., et al. 2009. The origin of malignant malaria. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA. 106: 14902-14907.

### CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Cmah (mouse) mapping to 13 A3.1.

### SOURCE

CMAH (S-14) is an affinity purified goat polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping within an internal region of CMAH of mouse origin.

## PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200  $\mu g$  lgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-131131 P, (100  $\mu$ g peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

## **APPLICATIONS**

CMAH (S-14) is recommended for detection of CMAH of mouse and rat origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

CMAH (S-14) is also recommended for detection of CMAH in additional species, including equine, canine, bovine and porcine.

Suitable for use as control antibody for CMAH siRNA (m): sc-142408, CMAH shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-142408-SH and CMAH shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-142408-V.

Molecular Weight of CMAH: 66 kDa.

Positive Controls: mouse kidney extract : sc-2255.

## **RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS**

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2020 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2033 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluo-rescence: use donkey anti-goat IgG-TR: sc-2783 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz™ Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

#### **STORAGE**

Store at 4° C, \*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

#### **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

#### PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.

MONOS Satisfation Guaranteed

Try **CMAH (E-7):** sc-365023, our highly recommended monoclonal alternative to CMAH (S-14).