# VCAM-1 (E-10): sc-13160



The Power to Question

## **BACKGROUND**

Cell adhesion molecules are a family of closely related cell surface glycoproteins involved in cell-cell interactions during growth and are thought to play an important role in embryogenesis and development. Neuronal cell adhesion molecule (NCAM) expression is observed in a variety of human tumors including neuroblastomas, rhabdomyosarcomas, Wilms' tumors, Ewing's sarcomas and some primitive myeloid malignancies. The intracel-Iular adhesion molecule-1 (ICAM-1), also referred to as CD54, is an integral membrane protein of the immunoglobulin superfamily and recognizes the  $B2\alpha1$  and  $B2\alpha M$  Integrins. PECAM-1 (platelet/endothelial cell adhesion molecule-1), also referred to as CD31, is a glycoprotein expressed on the cell surfaces of monocytes, neutrophils, platelets and a subpopulation of T cells. VCAM-1 (vascular cell adhesion molecule-1) was first identified as an adhesion molecule induced on human endothelial cells by inflammatory cytokines such as IL-1, tumor necrosis factor (TNF) and lipopolysaccharide (LPS). The KALIG gene encodes a nerve cell adhesion molecule (NCAM)like protein and is deleted in 66% of patients with Kallmann's syndrome, anosmia with secondary hypogonadism.

## **CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION**

Genetic locus: VCAM1 (human) mapping to 1p21.2; Vcam1 (mouse) mapping to 3 G1.

# SOURCE

VCAM-1 (E-10) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against amino acids 25-300 of VCAM-1 of human origin.

#### **PRODUCT**

Each vial contains 200  $\mu g \; lg G_1$  kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

VCAM-1 (E-10) is available conjugated to agarose (sc-13160 AC), 500  $\mu$ g/ 0.25 ml agarose in 1 ml, for IP; to HRP (sc-13160 HRP), 200  $\mu$ g/ml, for WB, IHC(P) and ELISA; to either phycoerythrin (sc-13160 PE), fluorescein (sc-13160 FITC), Alexa Fluor® 488 (sc-13160 AF488), Alexa Fluor® 546 (sc-13160 AF546), Alexa Fluor® 594 (sc-13160 AF594) or Alexa Fluor® 647 (sc-13160 AF647), 200  $\mu$ g/ml, for WB (RGB), IF, IHC(P) and FCM; and to either Alexa Fluor® 680 (sc-13160 AF680) or Alexa Fluor® 790 (sc-13160 AF790), 200  $\mu$ g/ml, for Near-Infrared (NIR) WB, IF and FCM.

In addition, VCAM-1 (E-10) is available conjugated to Alexa Fluor® 405 (sc-13160 AF405, 200  $\mu$ g/ml), 100 tests in 2 ml, for IF, IHC(P) and FCM.

Alexa Fluor® is a trademark of Molecular Probes, Inc., Oregon, USA

#### **STORAGE**

Store at 4° C, \*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

## **PROTOCOLS**

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

#### **APPLICATIONS**

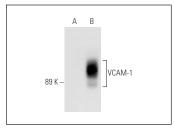
VCAM-1 (E-10) is recommended for detection of VCAM-1 of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:100, dilution range 1:100-1:1,000), immunoprecipitation [1-2  $\mu$ g per 100-500  $\mu$ g of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500), immunohistochemistry (including paraffin-embedded sections) (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500), flow cytometry (1  $\mu$ g per 1 x 106 cells) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Suitable for use as control antibody for VCAM-1 siRNA (h): sc-29519, VCAM-1 siRNA (m): sc-36810, VCAM-1 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-29519-SH, VCAM-1 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-36810-SH, VCAM-1 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-29519-V and VCAM-1 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-36810-V.

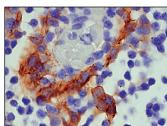
Molecular Weight of VCAM-1: 110 kDa.

Positive Controls: VCAM-1 (h): 293T Lysate: sc-178116 or Sol8 cell lysate: sc-2249.

## **DATA**



VCAM-1 (E-10): sc-13160. Western blot analysis of VCAM-1 expression in non-transfected: sc-117752 (A) and human VCAM-1 transfected: sc-178116 (B) 293T whole cell Ivsates.



VCAM-1 (E-10): sc-13160. Immunoperoxidase staining of formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human tonsil showing membrane staining.

## **SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS**

- Migita, H., et al. 2004. RORα1 and RORα4 suppress TNF-α-induced VCAM-1 and ICAM-1 expression in human endothelial cells. FEBS Lett. 557: 269-274.
- Su, C.C., et al. 2020. Effects of antibodies against human parvovirus B19 on angiogenic signaling. Mol. Med. Rep. 21: 1320-1327.
- Chen, S., et al. 2021. Retinoblastoma cell-derived exosomes promote angiogenesis of human vesicle endothelial cells through microRNA-92a-3p. Cell Death Dis. 12: 695.
- Xue, Y., et al. 2022. Macrophages regulate vascular smooth muscle cell function during atherosclerosis progression through IL-1β/STAT3 signaling. Commun. Biol. 5: 1316.
- Zhou, W., et al. 2023. Quercetin protects endothelial function from inflammation induced by localized disturbed flow by inhibiting NRP2 -VEGFC complex. Int. Immunopharmacol. 116: 109842.

#### **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.