

Rsk-3 (N-16): sc-13378

BACKGROUND

The 90 kDa family of ribosomal S6 kinases (Rsk), designated Rsk-1 (MAPKAP kinase-1), Rsk-2 and Rsk-3, are intracellular Serine/Threonine kinases that are important signaling intermediates in response to a broad range of ligand activated receptor tyrosine kinases. A unique feature common to the members of the Rsk family is that each possesses two non-identical complete kinase catalytic domains. An additional Rsk protein, Rsk-4, shows a high level of homology to the three previously isolated members of the human Rsk family. Rsk-4 is most abundantly expressed in brain and kidney and plays a role in normal neuronal development. The 70 kDa family of ribosomal S6 kinases includes p70 S6 kinase and p70 S6 kinase β , which are thought to have similar regulatory functions. MSK1 (also designated RLPK) is a novel Rsk-related protein, which, like the p90 Rsk family members, contains two non-identical complete kinase catalytic domains.

REFERENCES

1. Alcorta, D.A., et al. 1989. Sequence and expression of chicken and mouse Rsk: homologs of *Xenopus laevis* ribosomal S6 kinase. *Mol. Cell. Biol.* 9: 3850-3859.
2. Sweet, L.J., et al. 1990. Identification of mitogen-responsive ribosomal protein S6 kinase pp90rsk, a homolog of *Xenopus* S6 kinase II, in chicken embryo fibroblasts. *Mol. Cell. Biol.* 10: 2413-2417.
3. Kozma, S.C., et al. 1990. Cloning of the mitogen-activated S6 kinase from rat liver reveals an enzyme of the second messenger subfamily. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 87: 7365-7369.
4. Banerjee, P., et al. 1990. Molecular structure of a major insulin/mitogen-activated 70 kDa S6 protein kinase. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 87: 8550-8554.
5. Moller, D.E., et al. 1994. Human Rsk isoforms: cloning and characterization of tissue-specific expression. *Am. J. Physiol.* 266: C351-C359.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: RPS6KA2 (human) mapping to 6q27; Rps6ka2 (mouse) mapping to 17 F4.

SOURCE

Rsk-3 (N-16) is an affinity purified goat polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping at the N-terminus of Rsk-3 of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 μ g IgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-13378 P, (100 μ g peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, ****DO NOT FREEZE****. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

APPLICATIONS

Rsk-3 (N-16) is recommended for detection of Rsk-3 of mouse, rat and Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Suitable for use as control antibody for Rsk-3 siRNA (h): sc-36443 and Rsk-3 siRNA (m): sc-36444.

Molecular Weight of Rsk-3: 90 kDa.

Positive Controls: NIH/3T3 whole cell lysate: sc-2210, A-431 whole cell lysate: sc-2201 or HeLa whole cell lysate: sc-2200.

RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2020 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2033 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use donkey anti-goat IgG-FITC: sc-2024 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or donkey anti-goat IgG-TR: sc-2783 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz™ Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

1. Bignone, P.A., et al. 2007. RPS6KA2, a putative tumour suppressor gene at 6q27 in sporadic epithelial ovarian cancer. *Oncogene* 26: 683-700.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.