SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

TAF I p68 (Q-25): sc-134050



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

For gene transcription governed by RNA polymerase I, the human transcription factor SL1 (mouse TIF-IB) directs the assembly of initiation complexes at the prompter. Like TFIID, which directs transcription by RNA polymerase II, SL1/TIF-IB contains the TATA-binding protein (TBP) and a set of TBP-associated factors (TAFs). The three TAF I subunits, hTAF I p110, hTAF I p63 and hTAF p48 (or mouse TAF I p95, TAF I p68 and TAF I p48) are all integral components of SL1/TIF-IB. The mutually exclusive binding of either TAF I or TAF II subunits to TBP is believed to direct the formation of promoter and RNA polymerase-specific complexes.

REFERENCES

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- Clos, J., et al. 1986. A purified transcription factor (TIF-IB) binds to essential sequences of the mouse rDNA promoter. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 83: 604-608.
- Bell, S.P., et al. 1990. Assembly of alternative multiprotein complexes directs rRNA promoter selectivity. Genes Dev. 4: 943-954.
- Comai, L., et al. 1992. The TATA-binding protein and associated factors are integral components of the RNA polymerase I transcription factor, SL1. Cell 68: 965-976.
- Eberhard, D., et al. 1993. A TBP-containing multiprotein complex (TIF-IB) mediates transcription specificity of murine RNA polymerase I. Nucleic Acids Res. 21: 4180-4186.
- 6. Comai, L., et al. 1994. Reconstitution of transcription factor SL1: exclusive binding of TBP by SL1 or TFIID subunits. Science 266: 1966-1972.
- 7. Zomerdijk, J.C., et al. 1994. Assembly of transcriptionally active RNA polymerase l initiation factor SL1 from recombinant subunits. Science 266: 2015-2018.
- 8. Heix, J., et al. 1997. Cloning of murine RNA polymerase 1-specific TAF factors: conserved interactions between the subunits of the species-specific transcription initiation factor TIF-IB/SL1. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 94: 1733-1738.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Taf1b (mouse) mapping to 12 A1.3.

SOURCE

TAF I p68 (0-25) is a Protein A purified rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against synthetic TAF I p68 peptide of mouse origin.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **D0 NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 100 μg IgG in 1.0 ml PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide, 0.1% gelatin and < 0.02% sucrose.

APPLICATIONS

TAF I p68 (0-25) is recommended for detection of TAF I p68 of mouse origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 μ g per 100-500 μ g of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)] and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

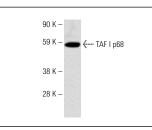
Suitable for use as control antibody for TAF I p68 siRNA (m): sc-38489, TAF I p68 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-38489-SH and TAF I p68 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-38489-V.

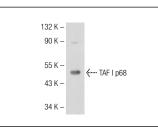
Molecular Weight of TAF I p68: 68 kDa.

RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP: sc-2004 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP: sc-2030 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml).

DATA





TAF I p68 (Q-25): sc-134050. Western blot analysis of TAF I p68 expression in SP2/0 whole cell lysate. TAF I p68 (Q-25): sc-134050. Western blot analysis of TAF I p68 expression in NIH/3T3 nuclear extract.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.