SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

Hephaestin (H-90): sc-134444



BACKGROUND

Hephaestin is a single-pass type I membrane protein that belongs to the multicopper oxidase family of proteins. Hephaestin, a copper-dependant ferroxidase protein, is crucial for iron exiting intestinal enterocytes into the circulation. It mediates the movement of iron across the basolateral membrane in conjunction with Ferroportin-1. This is an important link between iron and copper metabolism in mammalian systems, as copper deficiency leads to reduced Hephaestin and reduced iron absorption resulting in anemia. Hephaestin can bind six copper ions per monomer and is regulated by the homeobox transcription factor CDX2. Increased levels of iron leads to an increase in Cdx2 expression and thus Hephaestin. Hephaestin is primarily detected in the intestine, but is also expressed in colon, breast, bone trabecural cells and fibroblasts.

REFERENCES

- 1. Anderson, G.J., et al. 2005. Recent advances in intestinal iron transport. Curr. Gastroenterol. Rep. 7: 365-372.
- Anderson, G.J., et al. 2005. Mechanisms of haem and non-haem iron absorption: lessons from inherited disorders of iron metabolism. Biometals 18: 339-348.
- Petrak, J., et al. 2005. Hephaestin—a ferroxidase of cellular iron export. Int. J. Biochem. Cell Biol. 37: 1173-1178.
- Gleeson, F., et al. 2005. Duodenal Dcytb and hephaestin mRNA expression are not significantly modulated by variations in body iron homeostasis. Blood Cells Mol. Dis. 35: 303-308.
- Reeves, P.G., et al. 2005. Repletion of copper-deficient rats with dietary copper restores duodenal Hephaestin protein and iron absorption. Exp. Biol. Med. 230: 320-325.
- Hinoi, T., et al. 2005. Cdx2-regulated expression of iron transport protein Hephaestin in intestinal and colonic epithelium. Gastroenterology 128: 946-961.
- Reeves, P.G., et al. 2005. Dietary copper deficiency reduces iron absorption and duodenal enterocyte Hephaestin protein in male and female rats. J. Nutr. 135: 92-98.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: HEPH (human) mapping to Xq12.

SOURCE

Hephaestin (H-90) is a rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against amino acids 331-420 mapping within an N-terminal extracellular domain of Hephaestin of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 μg lgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

APPLICATIONS

Hephaestin (H-90) is recommended for detection of Hephaestin of human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 μ g per 100-500 μ g of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Hephaestin (H-90) is also recommended for detection of Hephaestin in additional species, including equine, canine, bovine and porcine.

Suitable for use as control antibody for Hephaestin siRNA (h): sc-60780, Hephaestin shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-60780-SH and Hephaestin shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-60780-V.

Molecular Weight of Hephaestin: 160 kDa.

Positive Controls: K-562 whole cell lysate: sc-2203 or T84 whole cell lysate: sc-364797.

RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP: sc-2004 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker[™] compatible goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP: sc-2030 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker[™] Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use goat anti-rabbit IgG-FITC: sc-2012 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or goat anti-rabbit IgG-TR: sc-2780 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz[™] Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

DATA



Hephaestin (H-90): sc-134444. Western blot analysis of Hephaestin expression in T84 whole cell lysate.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.