

# Transaldolase (H-300): sc-134795

## BACKGROUND

Proper cell growth, differentiation and survival relies on a series of enzymes involved in complex redox and metabolic pathways. One of these enzymes, Transaldolase, contributes to the generation of NADPH in the nonoxidative phase of the pentose phosphate pathway (PPP) and is important for maintaining metabolite balance. In conjunction with several other enzymes, Transaldolase works to maintain the mitochondrial transmembrane potential by producing both Ribose-5-phosphate and NADPH for use in nucleic acid and lipid biosynthesis. The role of Transaldolase in the PPP of spermatozoa is of significant importance, as deficiencies in Transaldolase are directly related with male infertility due to loss of sperm structure and function. Mutations in the gene encoding Transaldolase are thought to play a role in multiple sclerosis and are the direct cause of hepatosplenomegaly and telangiectases of the skin.

## REFERENCES

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- Huang, J.B., et al. 2005. Transaldolase is part of a supramolecular complex containing glucose-6-phosphate dehydrogenase in human neutrophils that undergoes retrograde trafficking during pregnancy. *Metab. Clin. Exp.* 54: 1027-1033.

## CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: TALDO1 (human) mapping to 11p15.5; Taldo1 (mouse) mapping to 7 F5.

## SOURCE

Transaldolase (H-300) is a rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against amino acids 1-300 mapping at the N-terminus of Transaldolase of human origin.

## PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 µg IgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

## APPLICATIONS

Transaldolase (H-300) is recommended for detection of Transaldolase of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 µg per 100-500 µg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

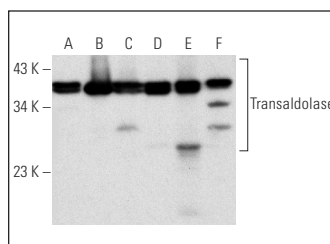
Transaldolase (H-300) is also recommended for detection of Transaldolase in additional species, including canine, bovine and porcine.

Suitable for use as control antibody for Transaldolase siRNA (h): sc-72369, Transaldolase siRNA (m): sc-72370, Transaldolase shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-72369-SH, Transaldolase shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-72370-SH, Transaldolase shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-72369-V and Transaldolase shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-72370-V.

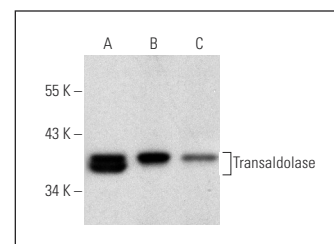
Molecular Weight of Transaldolase: 38 kDa.

Positive Controls: Hep G2 cell lysate: sc-2227, rat liver extract: sc-2395 or mouse heart extract: sc-2254.

## DATA



Transaldolase (H-300): sc-134795. Western blot analysis of Transaldolase expression in IMR-32 (A), A-431 (B), A-375 (C) and Hep G2 (D) whole cell lysates and human kidney (E) and mouse brain (F) tissue extracts.



Transaldolase (H-300): sc-134795. Western blot analysis of Transaldolase expression in U-251-MG whole cell lysate (A) and rat liver (B) and mouse heart (C) tissue extracts.

## STORAGE

Store at 4° C, \*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

## RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

## PROTOCOLS

See our web site at [www.scbt.com](http://www.scbt.com) or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.


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Try **Transaldolase (H-4): sc-166230** or **Transaldolase (C-5): sc-365449**, our highly recommended monoclonal alternatives to Transaldolase (H-300).