CA I (H-48): sc-134853



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

Carbonic anhydrases (CAs), also designated carbonate dehydratases or carbonate hydrolyases, form a large family of genes that encode zinc metalloenzymes of great physiologic importance. As catalysts of the reversible hydration of carbon dioxide, these enzymes participate in a variety of biologic processes, including respiration, acid-base balance, bone resorption and calcification as well as the formation of aqueous humor, cerebrospinal fluid, saliva and gastric acid. Genes in the α -carbonic anhydrase family encode either active carbonic anhydrase isozymes or "acatalytic" (devoid of $\rm CO_2$ hydration activity) carbonic anhydrase-related proteins. Human CA I (CA1) is encoded by the CA1 gene, which maps to a region on chromosome 8 that harbors a cluster of CA genes. CA I localizes to the cytoplasm and research indicates that a severe deficiency of CA I does not result in any obvious hematological or renal consequences.

REFERENCES

- Hopkinson, D.A., et al. 1975. The detection and differentiation of the products of the human carbonic anhydrase loci, CA I and CA II using fluorogenic substrates. Ann. Hum. Genet. 38: 155-162.
- Davis, M.B., et al. 1987. Regional localization of carbonic anhydrase genes CA1 and CA3 on human chromosome 8. Somat. Cell Mol. Genet. 13: 173-178.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: CA1 (human) mapping to 8q21.2; Car1 (mouse) mapping to 3 A1.

SOURCE

CA I (H-48) is a rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against amino acids 33-80 mapping near the N-terminus of CA I of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 μg lgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

APPLICATIONS

CA I (H-48) is recommended for detection of CA I of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 μ g per 100-500 μ g of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

CA I (H-48) is also recommended for detection of CA I in additional species, including equine, canine, bovine and porcine.

Suitable for use as control antibody for CA I siRNA (h): sc-60307, CA I siRNA (m): sc-60308, CA I shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-60307-SH, CA I shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-60308-SH, CA I shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-60307-V and CA I shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-60308-V.

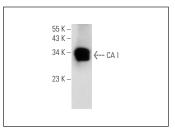
Molecutlar Weight of CA I: 29 kDa.

Positive Controls: HEL 92.1.7 cell lysate: sc-2270, K-562 whole cell lysate: sc-2203 or mouse spleen extract: sc-2391.

RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP: sc-2004 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP: sc-2030 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use goat anti-rabbit IgG-FITC: sc-2012 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or goat anti-rabbit IgG-TR: sc-2780 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz™ Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

DATA



CA I (H-48): sc-134853. Western blot analysis of CA I expression in mouse spleen tissue extract.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.



Try **CA I (F-5):** sc-393490 or **CA I (F-11):** sc-393497, our highly recommended monoclonal alternatives to CA I (H-48).

Santa Cruz Biotechnology, Inc. 1.800.457.3801 831.457.3801 Fax 831.457.3801 Europe +00800 4573 8000 49 6221 4503 0 www.scbt.com