

# p-IFN- $\alpha$ / $\beta$ R $\alpha$ (Ser 535/Ser 539): sc-135700

## BACKGROUND

The type I interferons (IFNs),  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$ , are a group of structurally and functionally related proteins that are induced by either viruses or double stranded RNA, and defined by their ability to confer an antiviral state in cells. The  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  IFNs appear to compete with one another for binding to a common cell surface receptor. Components of the receptor for IFN- $\alpha$  and - $\beta$  include a 331 amino acid transmembrane glycoprotein, designated IFN- $\alpha$ / $\beta$ R and a 557 amino acid component designated IFN- $\alpha$ R. The latter protein, IFN- $\alpha$ R, is weakly responsive to type I interferons in contrast to IFN- $\alpha$ / $\beta$ R, which binds to and responds effectively to IFN- $\beta$  and to several of the IFN- $\alpha$  subtypes. Treatment of cells with IFN- $\alpha$  causes the IFN- $\alpha$ R1 subunit of the IFN- $\alpha$  receptor to become phosphorylated at Tyr 466. The region surrounding phosphorylated Tyr 466 binds the SH2 domain of Stat2, facilitating its phosphorylation and thus enhancing IFN- $\alpha$  signal transduction. Mouse, rat and human IFN- $\alpha$ / $\beta$ R $\alpha$  are phosphorylated upon ligand binding on Ser 535 and Ser 539.

## REFERENCES

1. Branca, A.A., et al. 1981. Evidence that type I and II interferons have different receptors. *Nature* 294: 768-770.
2. Orchansky, P., et al. 1984. Type I and type II interferon receptors. *J. Interferon Res.* 4: 275-282.
3. Novick, D., et al. 1987. The human interferon- $\gamma$  receptor, purification, characterization and preparation of antibodies. *J. Biol. Chem.* 262: 8483-8487.
4. Aguet, M., et al. 1988. Molecular cloning and expression of the human interferon- $\gamma$  receptor. *Cell* 55: 273-280.
5. Uzé, G., et al. 1990. Genetic transfer of a functional human interferon- $\alpha$  receptor into mouse cells: cloning and expression of its cDNA. *Cell* 60: 225-234.
6. Novick, D., et al. 1994. The human interferon- $\alpha$ / $\beta$  receptor: characterization and molecular cloning. *Cell* 77: 391-400.
7. Constantinescu, S.N., et al. 1994. Role of interferon- $\alpha$ / $\beta$  receptor chain 1 in the structure and transmembrane signaling of the interferon- $\alpha$ / $\beta$  receptor complex. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 91: 9602-9606.

## CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: IFNAR1 (human) mapping to 21q22.11; Ifnar1 (mouse) mapping to 16 C3.3.

## SOURCE

p-IFN- $\alpha$ / $\beta$ R $\alpha$  (Ser 535/Ser 539) is a rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against a short amino acid sequence containing dually phosphorylated Ser 535 and Ser 539 of IFN- $\alpha$ / $\beta$ R $\alpha$  of human origin.

## PRODUCT

Each vial contains IgG in 100  $\mu$ l of 10 mM HEPES with 150 mM NaCl, 50% glycerol and < 0.1% BSA.

## RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

## APPLICATIONS

p-IFN- $\alpha$ / $\beta$ R $\alpha$  (Ser 535/Ser 539) is recommended for detection of Ser 535 and Ser 539 dually phosphorylated IFN- $\alpha$ / $\beta$ R $\alpha$  of human origin, correspondingly Ser 526 and Ser 530 dually phosphorylated IFN- $\alpha$ / $\beta$ R $\alpha$  of mouse origin and correspondingly Ser 375 and Ser 379 dually phosphorylated IFN- $\alpha$ / $\beta$ R $\alpha$  of rat origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution to be determined by researcher, dilution range 1:100-1:5000), immunoprecipitation [1-2  $\mu$ l per 100-500  $\mu$ g of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution to be determined by researcher, dilution range 1:50-1:2500) and immunohistochemistry (including paraffin-embedded sections) (starting dilution to be determined by researcher, dilution range 1:50-1:2500).

Suitable for use as control antibody for IFN- $\alpha$ / $\beta$ R $\alpha$  siRNA (h): sc-35637, IFN- $\alpha$ / $\beta$ R $\alpha$  siRNA (m): sc-40090, IFN- $\alpha$ / $\beta$ R $\alpha$  shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-35637-SH, IFN- $\alpha$ / $\beta$ R $\alpha$  shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-40090-SH, IFN- $\alpha$ / $\beta$ R $\alpha$  shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-35637-V and IFN- $\alpha$ / $\beta$ R $\alpha$  shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-40090-V.

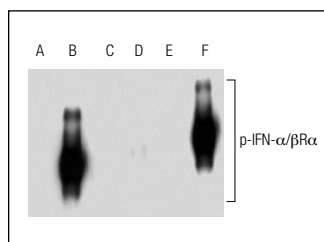
Molecular Weight of p-IFN- $\alpha$ / $\beta$ R $\alpha$   $\alpha$  subunit: 110 kDa.

Molecular Weight of p-IFN- $\alpha$ / $\beta$ R $\alpha$   $\beta$  subunit: 95-100 kDa.

Molecular Weight of p-IFN- $\alpha$ / $\beta$ R $\alpha$   $\beta$  subunit shot form: 55 kDa.

Positive Controls: A-431 whole cell lysate: sc-2201.

## DATA



p-IFN- $\alpha$ / $\beta$ R $\alpha$  (Ser 535/Ser 539): sc-135700. Western blot analysis of IFN- $\alpha$ / $\beta$ R $\alpha$  phosphorylation in immunoprecipitates from HEK 293 cells transfected with mock vector (A, C, E) and IFN- $\alpha$ / $\beta$ R $\alpha$  (B, D, F). Blots were probed with p-IFN- $\alpha$ / $\beta$ R $\alpha$  (Ser 535/Ser 539): sc-135700 (A, B), p-IFN- $\alpha$ / $\beta$ R $\alpha$  (Ser 535/Ser 539): sc-135700 preincubated with its cognate phosphorylated peptide (C, D) and p-IFN- $\alpha$ / $\beta$ R $\alpha$  (Ser 535/Ser 539): sc-135700 preincubated with the corresponding unphosphorylated peptide (E, F).

## SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

1. Zhang, Q., et al. 2011. Activation of the Ras/Raf/MEK pathway facilitates HCV replication via attenuation of the IFN-JAK-Stat pathway. *J. Virol.* 86: 1544-1554.

## STORAGE

For immediate and continuous use, store at 4° C for up to one month. For sporadic use, freeze in working aliquots in order to avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. If turbidity is evident upon prolonged storage, clarify solution by centrifugation.