# Na<sup>+</sup>/K<sup>+</sup>-ATPase β3 (46): sc-135998



The Power to Ouestion

#### **BACKGROUND**

The ubiquitously expressed sodium/potassium-ATPase (Na+/K+-ATPase) exists as a oligomeric plasma membrane complex that couples the hydrolysis of one molecule of ATP to the importation of three Na+ ions and two K+ ions against their respective electrochemical gradients. As a member of the P-type family of ion motives, Na+/K+-ATPase plays a critical role in maintaining cellular volume, resting membrane potential and Na+-coupled solute transport. Multiple isoforms of three subunits,  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$  and  $\gamma$ , comprise the Na+/K+-ATPase oligomer. The  $\alpha$  subunit contains the binding sites for ATP and the cations; the glycosylated  $\beta$  subunit ensures correct folding and membrane insertion of the  $\alpha$  subunits. The small  $\gamma$  subunit co-localizes with the  $\alpha$  subunit in nephron segments, where it increases the affinity of Na+/K+-ATPase for ATP. The  $\beta$  subunit, but not the  $\gamma$  subunit, is essential for normal activity of Na+/K+-ATPase.

## **REFERENCES**

- Hardwicke, P.M., et al. 1981. A proteolipid associated with Na+/K+-ATPase is not essential for ATPase activity. Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 102: 250-257.
- Ackermann, U., et al. 1990. Mutual dependence of Na+/K+-ATPase αand β-subunits for correct post-translational processing and intracellular transport. FEBS Lett. 269: 105-108.
- 3. McDonough, A.A., et al. 1990. The sodium pump needs its  $\beta$  subunit. FASEB J. 4: 1598-1605.

### **CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION**

Genetic locus: ATP1B2 (human) mapping to 3q23.

#### **SOURCE**

Na+/K+-ATPase  $\beta$ 3 (46) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against amino acids 124-243 of Na+/K+-ATPase  $\beta$ 3 of human origin.

# **PRODUCT**

Each vial contains 200  $\mu g$  IgG<sub>1</sub> kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

#### **APPLICATIONS**

Na+/K+-ATPase  $\beta 3$  (46) is recommended for detection of Na+/K+-ATPase  $\beta 3$  of human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2  $\mu$ g per 100-500  $\mu$ g of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)] and immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

Suitable for use as control antibody for Na+/K+-ATPase  $\beta$ 3 siRNA (h): sc-62002, Na+/K+-ATPase  $\beta$ 3 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-62002-SH and Na+/K+-ATPase  $\beta$ 3 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-62002-V.

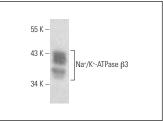
Molecular Weight of Na+/K+-ATPase β3: 40-60 kDa.

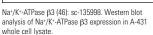
Positive Controls: HeLa whole cell lysate: sc-2200 or human endothlial whole cell lysate.

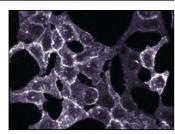
#### **RECOMMENDED SUPPORT REAGENTS**

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker<sup>TM</sup> Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz® Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz® Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

#### **DATA**







Na<sup>+</sup>/K<sup>+</sup>-ATPase β3 (46): sc-135998. Immunofluorescence staining of HeLa cells showing membrane staining.

#### **SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS**

- 1. Bhat, N.M., et al. 2015. Identification of cell surface straight chain poly-N-acetyl-lactosamine bearing protein ligands for VH4-34-encoded natural IgM antibodies. J. Immunol. 195: 5178-5188.
- 2. Abello, J., et al. 2019. Biodistribution of gadolinium- and near infraredlabeled human umbilical cord mesenchymal stromal cell-derived exosomes in tumor bearing mice. Theranostics 9: 2325-2345.
- 3. Hirakawa, T., et al. 2022. Na+/K+ ATPase  $\alpha$ 1 and  $\beta$ 3 subunits are localized to the basolateral membrane of trophectoderm cells in human blastocysts. Hum. Reprod. 37: 1423-1430.

## **STORAGE**

Store at 4° C, \*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

#### **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures. Not for resale.

## **PROTOCOLS**

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

Santa Cruz Biotechnology, Inc. 1.800.457.3801 831.457.3801 fax 831.457.3801 Europe +00800 4573 8000 49 6221 4503 0 www.scbt.com