SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

TRIP15 (35): sc-136446



BACKGROUND

TRIP1–TRIP15 genes encode thyroid hormone receptor β (TR β)-binding proteins. TRIP15, along with Cops2 and Alien comprise the second subunit (CSN2) of the COP9 signalosome (CSN), an eight-subunit complex with a variety of functions. CSN regulates Skp1-cullin-F-box protein (SCF) ubiquiting ligases by deconjugating Nedd-8 from the Cul1 component of the SCF, and also associates with protein kinase activities targetting p53, c-Jun, and IkB. Consequently, inhibition of SCF ubiquitin ligase activity occurs, and cell cycle progression halts at the transition from G_1 to S phase. TRIP15 contains an acidic region in the N-terminus, a putative zinc finger in the C-terminus, and a central hydrophobic core region flanked by two putative α -helical structures and a nuclear localization signal.

REFERENCES

- Cohen, H., et al. 2000. Interaction between interferon consensus sequencebinding protein and COP9/signalosome subunit CSN2 (TRIP15). A possible link between interferon regulatory factor signaling and the COP9/signalosome. J. Biol. Chem. 275: 39081-39089.
- 2. Yang X, et al. 2002. The COP9 signalosome inhibits p27(Kip1) degradation and impedes G_1 to S phase progression via deneddylation of SCF CUL-1. Curr. Biol. 12: 667-672.
- Katoh, M., et al. 2003. Identification and characterization of TRIP8 gene in silico. Int. J. Mol. Med. 12: 817-821.
- Lykke-Andersen, K., et al. 2003. Disruption of the COP9 signalosome CSN2 subunit in mice causes deficient cell proliferation, accumulation of p53 and cyclin E, and early embryonic death. Mol. Cell. Biol. 23: 6790-6797.
- Akiyama, H., et al. 2003. Implication of TRIP15/CSN2 in early stage of neuronal differentiation of P19 embryonal carcinoma cells. Brain Res. Dev. Brain Res. 140: 45-56.
- Akiyama, H., et al. 2003. The role of transcriptional corepressor NIF3L1 in early stage of neural differentiation via cooperation with TRIP15/CSN2. J. Biol. Chem. 278: 10752-10762.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: COPS2 (human) mapping to 15q21.1; Cops2 (mouse) mapping to 2 F1.

SOURCE

TRIP15 (35) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against amino acids 172-299 of TRIP15 of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 μg lgG_{2b} kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

APPLICATIONS

TRIP15 (35) is recommended for detection of TRIP15 of mouse, rat, human and canine origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 µg per 100-500 µg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)] and immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

Suitable for use as control antibody for TRIP15 siRNA (h): sc-43546, TRIP15 siRNA (m): sc-43547, TRIP15 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-43546-SH, TRIP15 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-43547-SH, TRIP15 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-43546-V and TRIP15 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-43547-V.

Molecular Weight of TRIP15: 50 kDa.

Positive Controls: HeLa whole cell lysate: sc-2200, Jurkat whole cell lysate: sc-2204 or c4 whole cell lysate: sc-364186.

RECOMMENDED SUPPORT REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgGκ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgGκ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use m-IgGκ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-IgGκ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz® Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz® Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

DATA





TRIP15 (35): sc-136446. Western blot analysis of TRIP15 expression in HeLa (A), Jurkat (B), c4 (C), C6 (D), NTERA-2 cl.D1 (E) and A-10 (F) whole cell lysates.

TRIP15 (35): sc-136446. Western blot analysis of TRIP15 expression in EOC 20 (\bf{A}) and L6 (\bf{B}) whole cell lysates and rat testis tissue extract (\bf{C}).

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.