BAF155 (F-4): sc-137138



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

The SWI/SNF complex is involved in the activation of transcription via the remodeling of nucleosome structure in an ATP-dependent manner. Brm (also designated SNF1 or SNF2 α) and Brg-1 (also designated SNF2 or SNF2 β) are the ATPase subunits of the mammalian SWI/SNF complex. Brm, Brg-1, Ini1 (integrase interactor 1, also designated SNF5), BAF155 (also designated SRG3) and BAF170 are thought to comprise the functional core of the SWI/SNF complex. Addition of Ini1, BAF155 and BAF170 to Brg-1 appears to increase remodeling activity. Other complex subunits are thought to play regulatory roles. hSNF2L and hSNF2H both appear to be homologs of *Drosophila* ISWI, a Brm related ATPase that is present in chromatin remodeling complexes other than SWI/SNF, including the NURF (nucleosome remodeling factor).

REFERENCES

- Muchardt, C., et al. 1993. A human homologue of Saccharomyces cerevisiae SNF2/SWI2 and Drosophila Brm genes potentiates transcriptional activation by the glucocorticoid receptor. EMBO J. 12: 4279-4290.
- Khavari, P.A., et al. 1993. BRG1 contains a conserved domain of the SWI2/ SNF2 family necessary for normal mitotic growth and transcription. Nature 366: 170-174.
- Tsukiyama, T., et al. 1995. ISWI, a member of the SWI2/SNF2 ATPase family, encodes the 140 kDa subunit of the nucleosome remodeling factor. Cell 83: 1021-1026.
- Imbalzano, A.N., et al. 1996. Nucleosome disruption by human SWI/SNF is maintained in the absence of continued ATP hydrolysis. J. Biol. Chem. 271: 20726-20733.
- Aihara, T., et al. 1998. Cloning and mapping of SMARCA5 encoding hSNF2H, a novel human homologue of *Drosophila* ISWI. Cytogenet. Cell Genet. 81: 191-193.
- 6. Phelan, M.L., et al. 1999. Reconstitution of a core chromatin remodeling complex from SWI/SNF subunits. Mol. Cell 3: 247-253.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: SMARCC1 (human) mapping to 3p21.31; Smarcc1 (mouse) mapping to 9 F2.

SOURCE

BAF155 (F-4) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against amino acids 998-1073 of BAF155 of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 μ g lgG $_1$ kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin. Also available as TransCruz reagent for Gel Supershift and ChIP applications, sc-137138 X, 200 μ g/0.1 ml.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

APPLICATIONS

BAF155 (F-4) is recommended for detection of BAF155 of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:100, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 μ g per 100-500 μ g of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Suitable for use as control antibody for BAF155 siRNA (h): sc-29780, BAF155 siRNA (m): sc-29781, BAF155 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-29780-SH, BAF155 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-29781-SH, BAF155 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-29780-V and BAF155 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-29781-V.

BAF155 (F-4) X TransCruz antibody is recommended for Gel Supershift and ChIP applications.

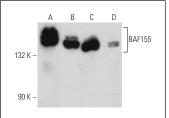
Molecular Weight of BAF155: 150 kDa.

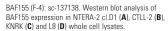
Positive Controls: L8 cell lysate: sc-3807, CTLL-2 cell lysate: sc-2242 or KNRK whole cell lysate: sc-2214.

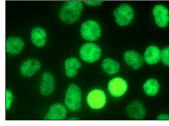
RECOMMENDED SUPPORT REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-lgG κ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-lgG κ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use m-lgG κ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-lgG κ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz® Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz® Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

DATA







BAF155 (F-4): sc-137138. Immunofluorescence staining of methanol-fixed HeLa cells showing nuclear localization.

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

1. Chang, L., et al. 2018. The SWI/SNF complex is a mechanoregulated inhibitor of YAP and TAZ. Nature 563: 265-269.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

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