

WDR62 (E-12): sc-138727

BACKGROUND

WD-repeats are motifs that are found in a variety of proteins and are characterized by a conserved core of 40-60 amino acids that commonly form a tertiary propeller structure. While proteins that contain WD-repeats participate in a wide range of cellular functions, they are generally involved in regulatory mechanisms concerning chromatin assembly, cell cycle control, signal transduction, RNA processing, apoptosis and vesicular trafficking. WDR62 (WD repeat domain 62), also known as C19orf14, is a 1,518 amino acid protein that contains 15 WD repeats, suggesting a role in regulatory systems throughout the cell. WDR62 exists as multiple alternatively spliced isoforms that are encoded by a gene which maps to human chromosome 19.

REFERENCES

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2. Neer, E.J., Schmidt, C.J., Nambudripad, R. and Smith, T.F. 1994. The ancient regulatory-protein family of WD-repeat proteins. Nature 371: 297-300.
3. Garcia-Higuera, I., Fenoglio, J., Li, Y., Lewis, C., Panchenko, M.P., Reiner, O., Smith, T.F. and Neer, E.J. 1996. Folding of proteins with WD-repeats: comparison of six members of the WD-repeat superfamily to the G protein beta subunit. Biochemistry 35: 13985-13994.
4. Garcia-Higuera, I., Gaitatzes, C., Smith, T.F. and Neer, E.J. 1998. Folding a WD repeat propeller. Role of highly conserved aspartic acid residues in the G protein β subunit and Sec13. J. Biol. Chem. 273: 9041-9049.
5. Smith, T.F., Gaitatzes, C., Saxena, K. and Neer, E.J. 1999. The WD repeat: a common architecture for diverse functions. Trends Biochem. Sci. 24: 181-185.
6. Li, D. and Roberts, R. 2001. WD-repeat proteins: structure characteristics, biological function, and their involvement in human diseases. Cell. Mol. Life Sci. 58: 2085-2097.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: WDR62 (human) mapping to 19q13.12; Wdr62 (mouse) mapping to 7 B1.

SOURCE

WDR62 (E-12) is an affinity purified goat polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping near the N-terminus of WDR62 of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 μ g IgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-138727 P, (100 μ g peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, ****DO NOT FREEZE****. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

APPLICATIONS

WDR62 (E-12) is recommended for detection of WDR62 of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000); non cross-reactive with other WDR family members.

WDR62 (E-12) is also recommended for detection of WDR62 in additional species, including equine, canine, bovine and porcine.

Suitable for use as control antibody for WDR62 siRNA (h): sc-97678, WDR62 siRNA (m): sc-155303, WDR62 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-97678-SH, WDR62 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-155303-SH, WDR62 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-97678-V and WDR62 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-155303-V.

Molecular Weight of WDR62 human isoforms: 166/53/45 kDa.

RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2020 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2033 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use donkey anti-goat IgG-FITC: sc-2024 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or donkey anti-goat IgG-TR: sc-2783 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz™ Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.



Try **WDR62 (H-1): sc-514865**, our highly recommended monoclonal alternative to WDR62 (E-12).