

## HPA2 (N-19): sc-14897

### BACKGROUND

Heparanases degrade heparan sulfate side chains of heparan sulfate proteoglycans (HSPGs) in the extracellular matrix and play an important role in the extravasation of blood-borne tumor cells and inflammatory leukocytes. Upon degradation, heparanases free growth factors and cytokines that stimulate cell proliferation and chemotaxis. Human heparanase 1-3 (HPA1-3) are members of the heparanase family. Three alternative splice variants of the HPA2 transcripts encode predicted intracellular membrane-bound proteins of various lengths. HPA2 is expressed in brain, small intestine, prostate, mammary gland, testis and uterus. While HPA2 is not expressed in normal pancreas, it is expressed in pancreatic tumor cell lines MiaPaca-2 and Panc-1 as well as pancreatic adenocarcinoma. The gene encoding HPA2 maps to human chromosome 10q24.2.

### REFERENCES

1. Vlodavsky, I., et al. 1983. Lymphoma cell mediated degradation of sulfated proteoglycans in the subendothelial extracellular matrix: relationship to tumor cell metastasis. *Cancer Res.* 43: 2704-2711.
2. Bashkin, P., et al. 1989. Basic fibroblast growth factor binds to subendothelial extracellular matrix and is released by heparitinase and heparin-like molecules. *Biochemistry* 28: 1737-1743.
3. Vlodavsky, I., et al. 1990. Extracellular matrix-resident growth factors and enzyme: possible involvement in tumor metastasis and angiogenesis. *Cancer Metastasis Rev.* 9: 203-226.
4. Vlodavsky, I., et al. 1992. Expression of heparanase by platelets and circulating cells of the immune system: possible involvement in diapedesis and extravasation. *Invasion Metastasis* 12: 112-127.
5. McKenzie, E., et al. 2000. Cloning and expression of profiling of HPA2, a novel mammalian heparanase family member. *Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun.* 276: 1170-1177.

### CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: HPSE2 (human) mapping to 10q24.2.

### SOURCE

HPA2 (N-19) is an affinity purified goat polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping at the N-terminus of heparanase 2 of human origin.

### PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 µg IgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-14897 P, (100 µg peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

### STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **\*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\***. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

### APPLICATIONS

HPA2 (N-19) is recommended for detection of heparanase 2 of human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 µg per 100-500 µg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

HPA2 (N-19) is also recommended for detection of heparanase 2 in additional species, including equine, canine and bovine.

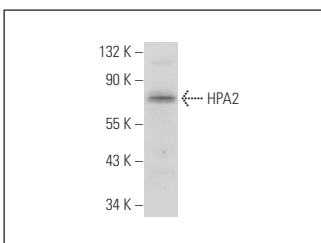
Suitable for use as control antibody for HPA2 siRNA (h): sc-43852, HPA2 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-43852-SH and HPA2 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-43852-V.

Positive Controls: Jurkat whole cell lysate: sc-2204.

### RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2020 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2033 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use donkey anti-goat IgG-FITC: sc-2024 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or donkey anti-goat IgG-TR: sc-2783 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz™ Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

### DATA



HPA2 (N-19): sc-14897. Western blot analysis of HPA2 expression in Jurkat whole cell lysate.

### RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

### PROTOCOLS

See our web site at [www.scbt.com](http://www.scbt.com) or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.