SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

rhodopsin (H-100): sc-15382



BACKGROUND

G protein-coupled receptors (GPCRs), which are characterized as containing seven transmembrane α helices, elicit G protein-mediated signaling cascades in response to a variety of stimuli. The opsin subfamily, which represents approximately 90 percent of all GPCRs, is comprised of photoreceptors that are activated by light, and they include the red, green and blue-sensitive opsins and rhodopsin. The opsin subfamily consists of an apoprotein covalently linked to 11-*cis*-retinal, which undergoes isomerization upon the absorption of photons. This isomerization leads to a conformational change of the protein, which results in the activation of hundreds of G proteins. Specifically, rhodopsin exhibits a maximal absorption at 495 nm and mediates vision in dim light. Mutations in the rhodopsin gene lead to retinitis pigmentosa, which can be inherited as an autosomal dominant, an autosomal recessive or an X-linked recessive disorder.

REFERENCES

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- 2. Hargrave, P.A., et al. 1983. The structure of bovine rhodopsin. Biophys. Struct. Mech. 9: 235-244.
- 3. Wang, S.Z., et al. 1992. A visual pigment from chicken that resembles rhodopsin: amino acid sequence, gene structure, and functional expression. Biochemistry 13: 3309-3315.
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- Lindsay, S.M., et al. 1999. Spectral sensitivity of vision and bioluminescence in the midwater shrimp. Biol. Bull. 197: 348-360.
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CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: RHO (human) mapping to 3q22.1; Rho (mouse) mapping to 6 E3.

SOURCE

rhodopsin (H-100) is a rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against amino acids 1-100 mapping at the N-terminus of rhodopsin of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 μg lgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **D0 NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

APPLICATIONS

rhodopsin (H-100) is recommended for detection of rhodopsin of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 µg per 100-500 µg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

rhodopsin (H-100) is also recommended for detection of rhodopsin in additional species, including equine, canine, bovine and porcine.

Suitable for use as control antibody for rhodopsin siRNA (h): sc-40150, rhodopsin siRNA (m): sc-40151, rhodopsin shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-40150-SH, rhodopsin shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-40151-SH, rhodopsin shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-40150-V and rhodopsin shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-40151-V.

Molecular Weight of rhodopsin: 40 kDa.

Positive Controls: mouse eye extract: sc-364241 or rat eye extract: sc-364805.

DATA





rhodopsin (H-100): sc-15382. Western blot analysis of rhodopsin expression in mouse eye tissue extract.

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SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

 Gandorfer, A., et al. 2004. Posterior vitreous detachment induced by microplasmin. Invest. Ophthalmol. Vis. Sci. 45: 641-647.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.

MONOS Satisfation Guaranteed

Try rhodopsin (1D4): sc-57432 or rhodopsin (RET-P1): sc-57433, our highly recommended monoclonal aternatives to rhodopsin (H-100). Also, for AC, HRP, FITC, PE, Alexa Fluor[®] 488 and Alexa Fluor[®] 647

conjugates, see rhodopsin (1D4): sc-57432.