# NCAM siRNA (r): sc-156119



The Power to Question

#### **BACKGROUND**

Neural cell adhesion molecules (NCAMs) are a family of closely related cell surface glycoproteins involved in cell to cell interactions during growth and thought to play an important role in embryogenesis and development. The expression of these molecules is widespread in all three germ layers during embryogenesis, but is more restrictive in adult tissues. NCAM expression is observed in a variety of human tumors including neuroblastomas, rhabdomyosarcomas, Wilms' tumor, Ewing's sarcoma and some primitive myeloid malignancies. Multiple isoforms of NCAM have been reported in both mouse and human brain tissue. In humans, NCAMs arise from differential splicing and use of alternative polyadenylation sites of a single gene mapping to 11q23.2.

# **REFERENCES**

- Edelman, G.M. 1985. Cell adhesion and the molecular processes of morphogenesis. Annu. Rev. Biochem. 54: 135-169.
- Cunningham, B.A., et al. 1987. Neural cell adhesion molecule: structure, immunoglobulin-like domains, cell surface modulation and alternative RNA splicing. Science 236: 799-806.
- Lipinski, M., et al. 1987. Characterization of neural cell adhesion molecules (NCAM) expressed by Ewing and neuroblastoma cell lines. Int. J. Cancer 40: 81-86.
- 4. Roth, J., et al. 1988. Presence of the long chain form of polysialic acid of the neural cell adhesion molecule in Wilms' tumor: identification of a cell adhesion molecule as an oncodevelopmental antigen and implications for tumor histogenesis. Am. J. Pathol. 133: 227-240.

## CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Ncam1 (rat) mapping to 8q23.

# **PRODUCT**

NCAM siRNA (r) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10  $\mu\text{M}$  solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see NCAM shRNA Plasmid (r): sc-156119-SH and NCAM shRNA (r) Lentiviral Particles: sc-156119-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of NCAM (r) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-156119A, sc-156119B and sc-156119C.

## STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at  $-20^{\circ}$  C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at  $-20^{\circ}$  C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10  $\mu$ M solution in a 10  $\mu$ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

#### **APPLICATIONS**

NCAM siRNA (r) is recommended for the inhibition of NCAM expression in rat cells.

## **SUPPORT REAGENTS**

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 µM in 66 µl. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

## **GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING**

NCAM (123C3): sc-7326 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of NCAM gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker<sup>TM</sup> Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz<sup>®</sup> Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz<sup>®</sup> Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz<sup>®</sup> Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

## **RT-PCR REAGENTS**

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor NCAM gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: NCAM (r)-PR: sc-156119-PR (20  $\mu$ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

## **SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS**

- Bazou, D., et al. 2008. NCAM and PSA-NCAM dependent membrane spreading and F-Actin reorganization in suspended adhering neural cells. Mol. Membr. Biol. 25: 102-114.
- Wan, G. and Too, H.P. 2010. A specific isoform of glial cell line-derived neurotrophic factor family receptor α1 regulates RhoA expression and glioma cell migration. J. Neurochem. 115: 759-770.

#### **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

## **PROTOCOLS**

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

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