p38 (dN-20): sc-15714



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

Drosophila melanogaster is a proven and effective model for studying developmental and cellular processes common to higher eukaryotes. Approximately 13,600 genes have been elucidated from more than 120 megabases of euchromatin, and they are organized among the chromosomes 2, 3, 4, X and Y, with the Y chromosome being predominately heterochromatic. *Drosophila* genes can be categorized based on the type of protein for which they encode. They are represented by six major classifications, which include intracellular signaling proteins, transmembrane proteins, RNA binding proteins, secreted factors, transcription regulators (basic helix-loop-helix, homeodomain containing, zinc finger containing, and chromatin associated) or other functional proteins. Many of the genes expressed in Drosophila are structurally and functionally similar across species, as are the pathways involved in transducing intracellular signaling. Among these pathways, the p38 protein, which is the stress-activated p38 β component of the MAP kinase pathway, functions in *Drosophila* similarly to its role as a serine/threonine protein kinase in mammalian cells.

REFERENCES

- Han, Z.S., et al. 1998. A conserved p38 mitogen-activated protein kinase pathway regulates *Drosophila* immunity gene expression. Mol. Cell. Biol. 18: 3527-3539.
- Ashburner, M., et al. 1999. An exploration of the sequence of a 2.9-Mb region of the genome of *Drosophila melanogaster*. the Adh region. Genetics 153: 179-219.
- Adachi-Yamada, T., et al. 1999. p38 mitogen-activated protein kinase can be involved in transforming growth factor beta superfamily signal transduction in *Drosophila* wing morphogenesis. Mol. Cell. Biol. 19: 2322-2329.
- 4. Adams, M.D., et al. 2000. The genome sequence of *Drosophila melanogaster*. Science 287: 2185-2195.
- 5. The Interactive Fly. http://sdb.bio.purdue.edu/fly/aimain/1aahome.htm. http://sdb.bio.purdue.edu/fly/aimain/6biochem.htm.
- 6. LocusLink Report. http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/LocusLink/(LocusID: 34780).

SOURCE

p38 (dN-20) is an affinity purified goat polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping near the N-terminus of p38 of *Drosophila melanogaster* origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 μg lgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with <0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-15714 P, (100 μ g peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

APPLICATIONS

p38 (dN-20) is recommended for detection of p38 of *Drosophila melanogaster* origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Molecular Weight of p38: 38 kDa.

RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2020 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2033 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use donkey anti-goat IgG-FITC: sc-2024 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz™ Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

1. Dzik, J.M., et al. 2010. *Trichinella spiralis* infection enhances protein kinase C phosphorylation in guinea pig alveolar macrophages. Parasite Immunol. 32: 209-220.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.

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