

period (dN-19): sc-15720

BACKGROUND

Drosophila melanogaster is a proven and effective model for studying developmental and cellular processes common to higher eukaryotes. Approximately 13,600 genes have been elucidated from more than 120 megabases of euchromatin, and they are organized among the chromosomes 2, 3, 4, X and Y, with the Y chromosome being predominately heterochromatic. *Drosophila* genes can be categorized based on the type of protein for which they encode and are represented by six major classifications, which include intracellular signaling proteins, transmembrane proteins, RNA binding proteins, secreted factors, transcription regulators (basic helix-loop-helix, homeodomain containing, zinc finger containing, and chromatin associated) or other functional proteins. Period, known as Per, clock-6, or Clock, is a DNA-binding transcription factor that regulates circadian rhythm.

REFERENCES

1. Jackson, F.R., et al. 1986. Product of per locus of *Drosophila* shares homology with proteoglycans. *Nature* 320: 185-188.
2. Reddy, P., et al. 1986. The period clock locus of *D. melanogaster* codes for a proteoglycan. *Cell* 46: 53-61.
3. Citri, Y., et al. 1987. A family of unusually spliced biologically active transcripts encoded by a *Drosophila* clock gene. *Nature* 326: 42-47.
4. Adams, M.D., et al. 2000. The genome sequence of *Drosophila melanogaster*. *Science* 287: 2185-2195.
5. The Interactive Fly. <http://www.sdbonline.org/fly/aimain/1aahome.htm>.
<http://www.sdbonline.org/fly/neural/period.htm>
6. LocusLink Report (LocusID: 31251). <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/LocusLink/>

SOURCE

period (dN-19) is an affinity purified goat polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping at the N-terminus of period of *Drosophila melanogaster* origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 µg IgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-15720 P, (100 µg peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

APPLICATIONS

period (dN-19) is recommended for detection of period of *Drosophila melanogaster* origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2020 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2033 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use donkey anti-goat IgG-FITC: sc-2024 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or donkey anti-goat IgG-TR: sc-2783 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz™ Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

1. Shiga, S. and Numata, H. 2009. Roles of PER immunoreactive neurons in circadian rhythms and photoperiodism in the blow fly, *Protophormia terraenovae*. *J. Exp. Biol.* 212: 867-877.
2. Muguruma, F., et al. 2010. Effect of photoperiod on clock gene expression and subcellular distribution of PERIOD in the circadian clock neurons of the blow fly *Protophormia terraenovae*. *Cell Tissue Res.* 340: 497-507.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.



Try **period (H-3): sc-398462**, our highly recommended monoclonal alternative to period (dN-19).