



## APC (dD-17): sc-15803

### BACKGROUND

*Drosophila melanogaster* is a proven and effective model for studying developmental and cellular processes common to higher eukaryotes. Approximately 13,600 genes have been elucidated from more than 120 megabases of euchromatin, and they are organized among the chromosomes 2, 3, 4, X and Y, with the Y chromosome being predominately heterochromatic. *Drosophila* genes can be categorized based on the type of protein for which they encode and are represented by six major classifications, which include intracellular signaling proteins, transmembrane proteins, RNA binding proteins, secreted factors, transcription regulators (basic helix-loop-helix, homeodomain containing, zinc finger containing, and chromatin associated) or other functional proteins. Among these proteins, APC (adenomatous polyposis coli) is a tumor suppressor that localizes to adherens junctions, along with Armadillo (*Drosophila* homolog of  $\beta$ -catenin), where they influence retinal fecundity, cell differentiation, and programmed cell death.

### REFERENCES

- Hayashi, S., Rubinfeld, B., Souza, B., Polakis, P., Wieschaus, E. and Levine, A.J. 1997. A *Drosophila* homolog of the tumor suppressor gene adenomatous polyposis coli down-regulates  $\beta$ -catenin but its zygotic expression is not essential for the regulation of Armadillo. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 94: 242-247.
- Ahmed, Y., et al. 1998. Regulation of Armadillo by a *Drosophila* APC inhibits neuronal apoptosis during retinal development. Cell 93: 1171-1182.
- Townsley, F.M. and Bienz, M. 2000. Actin-dependent membrane association of a *Drosophila* epithelial APC protein and its effect on junctional Armadillo. Curr. Biol. 10: 1339-1348.
- Adams, M.D., Celniker, S.E., Holt, R.A., Evans, C.A., Gocayne, J.D., Amanatides, P., et al. 2000. The genome sequence of *Drosophila melanogaster*. Science 287: 2185-2195.
- The Interactive Fly. <http://www.sdbonline.org/fly/aimain/1aahome.htm>. <http://www.sdbonline.org/fly/segment/apc1.htm>

### SOURCE

APC (dD-17) is an affinity purified goat polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping near the N-terminus of APC of *Drosophila melanogaster* origin.

### PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200  $\mu$ g IgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-15803 P, (100  $\mu$ g peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

### APPLICATIONS

APC (dD-17) is recommended for detection of APC of *Drosophila melanogaster* origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

### RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2020 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2033 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use donkey anti-goat IgG-FITC: sc-2024 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or donkey anti-goat IgG-TR: sc-2783 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz™ Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

### STORAGE

Store at 4° C, \*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

### RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

### PROTOCOLS

See our web site at [www.scbt.com](http://www.scbt.com) or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.