SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

p-c-Jun (Ser 73)-R: sc-16311-R



BACKGROUND

Genes belonging to the Jun and Fos oncogene families encode nuclear proteins that are found to be associated with a number of transcriptional complexes. The c-Jun protein is a major component of the transcription factor AP-1, originally shown to mediate phorbol ester tumor promoter (TPA)-induced expression of responsive genes through the TPA-response element (TRE). The Jun proteins form homo- and heterodimers which bind the TRE, but the Fos proteins are active only as heterodimers with any of the Jun proteins. Fos/Jun heterodimers have a much higher affinity for the TRE than Jun homodimers. Ha-Ras augments c-Jun activity and stimulates phosphorylation of its activation domain. An inhibitor of Fos/Jun function, termed IP-1, associates with Fos and Jun and is deactivated upon phosphorylation induced by the cAMP-dependent protein kinase A (PKA).

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: JUN (human) mapping to 1p32.1; Jun (mouse) mapping to 4 C5.

SOURCE

p-c-Jun (Ser 73)-R is a rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against a short amino acid sequence containing Ser 73 phosphorylated c-Jun of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 μg IgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-16311 P, (100 μ g peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

APPLICATIONS

p-c-Jun (Ser 73)-R is recommended for detection of Ser 73 phosphorylated c-Jun of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500), immunohistochemistry (including paraffinembedded sections) (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

p-c-Jun (Ser 73)-R is also recommended for detection of Ser 73 phosphorylated c-Jun in additional species, including canine, bovine, porcine and avian.

Suitable for use as control antibody for c-Jun siRNA (h): sc-29223, c-Jun siRNA (m): sc-29224, c-Jun shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-29223-SH, c-Jun shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-29224-SH, c-Jun shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-29223-V and c-Jun shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-29224-V.

Molecular Weight of p-c-Jun: 39 kDa.

Positive Controls: HeLa + UV irradiated cell lysate: sc-2221, A-431 + PMA nuclear extract: sc-2123 or NIH/3T3 whole cell lysate: sc-2210.

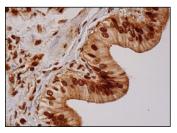
STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **D0 NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP: sc-2004 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker[™] compatible goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP: sc-2030 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker[™] Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluo-rescence: use goat anti-rabbit IgG-FITC: sc-2012 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or goat anti-rabbit IgG-TR: sc-2780 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz[™] Mounting Medium: sc-24941. 3) Immunohistochemistry: use ImmunoCruz[™]: sc-2051 or ABC: sc-2018 rabbit IgG Staining Systems.

DATA



p-c-Jun Antibody (Ser 73)-R: sc-16311-R. Immunoperoxidase staining of formalin fixed, paraffin-embedded human gall bladder tissue showing nuclear and cytoplasmic staining of glandular cells.

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

- Uzgare, A.R., et al. 2004. Enhanced redundancy in Akt and mitogen-activated protein kinase-induced survival of malignant versus normal prostate epithelial cells. Cancer Res. 64: 6190-6199.
- Chandrasekar, B., et al. 2005. The pro-atherogenic cytokine interleukin-18 induces CXCL16 expression in rat aortic smooth muscle cells via MyD88, interleukin-1 receptor-associated kinase, tumor necrosis factor receptorassociated factor 6, c-Src, phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase, Akt, c-Jun Nterminal kinase, and activator protein-1 signaling. J. Biol. Chem. 280: 26263-26277.
- Ni, L., et al. 2011. β-AR blockers suppresses ER stress in cardiac hypertrophy and heart failure. PLoS ONE 6: e27294.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.