## SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

# AP1AR (S-15): sc-163909



#### BACKGROUND

AP1AR (AP-1 complex-associated regulatory protein), also known as γ-1adaptin brefeldin A resistance protein (y-BAR) or C4orf16, is a 302 amino acid protein essential to the c-Fos dependent transport between the trans-Golgi network and endosomes. AP1AR also regulates the membrane association of y1-adaptin, a subunit of the c-Fos adapter complex. The coiled-coil domain of AP1AR interacts directly with the GAE domain of y1-adaptin, which causes the release of the c-Fos complex from membranes. The gene that encodes AP1AR maps to human chromosome 4, which represents approximately 6% of the human genome and contains nearly 900 genes. Notably, the Huntingtin gene, which is found to encode an expanded glutamine tract in cases of Huntington's disease, is on chromosome 4. FGFR-3 is also encoded on chromosome 4 and has been associated with thanatophoric dwarfism, achondroplasia, Muenke syndrome and bladder cancer. Chromosome 4 is also tied to Ellis-van Creveld syndrome, methylmalonic acidemia and polycystic kidney disease. Chromosome 4 reportedly contains the largest gene deserts (regions of the genome with no protein encoding genes) and has one of the two lowest recombination frequencies of the human chromosomes.

#### REFERENCES

- 1. Hillier, L.W., et al. 2005. Generation and annotation of the DNA sequences of human chromosomes 2 and 4. Nature 434: 724-731.
- 2. Cowan, C.M. and Raymond, L.A. 2006. Selective neuronal degeneration in Huntington's disease. Curr. Top. Dev. Biol. 75: 25-71.
- 3. Chandler, R.J., et al. 2007. Metabolic phenotype of methylmalonic acidemia in mice and humans: the role of skeletal muscle. BMC Med. Genet. 8: 64.
- 4. Cunningham, M.L., et al. 2007. Syndromic craniosynostosis: from history to hydrogen bonds. Orthod. Craniofac. Res. 10: 67-81.
- 5. de Frutos, C.A., et al. 2007. Snail1 is a transcriptional effector of FGFR-3 signaling during chondrogenesis and achondroplasias. Dev. Cell 13: 872-883.
- 6. Doherty, E.S., et al. 2007. Muenke syndrome (FGFR3-related craniosynostosis): Expansion of the phenotype and review of the literature. Am. J. Med. Genet. A 143: 3204-3215.
- 7. Ruiz-Perez, V.L., et al. 2007. Evc is a positive mediator of Ihh-regulated bone growth that localises at the base of chondrocyte cilia. Development 134: 2903-2912.
- 8. Schmidt, M.R., et al. 2009. Regulation of endosomal membrane traffic by a Gadkin/AP-1/kinesin KIF5 complex. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 106: 15344-15349.
- 9. Maritzen, T., et al. 2010. A novel subtype of AP-1-binding motif within the palmitoylated trans-Golgi network/endosomal accessory protein Gadkin/y-BAR. J. Biol. Chem. 285: 4074-4086.

### CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: AP1AR (human) mapping to 4q25; Ap1ar (mouse) mapping to 3 G2.

#### SOURCE

AP1AR (S-15) is an affinity purified goat polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping near the C-terminus of AP1AR of human origin.

#### PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 µg lgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-163909 P, (100 µg peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

#### **APPLICATIONS**

AP1AR (S-15) is recommended for detection of AP1AR of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000); non cross-reactive with other C4orf family members.

AP1AR (S-15) is also recommended for detection of AP1AR in additional species, including equine, canine, bovine, porcine and avian.

Suitable for use as control antibody for AP1AR siRNA (h): sc-89134, AP1AR siRNA (m): sc-141484, AP1AR shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-89134-SH, AP1AR shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-141484-SH, AP1AR shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-89134-V and AP1AR shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-141484-V.

Moleuclar Weight (predicted) of AP1AR: 34 kDa.

Moleuclar Weight (observed) of AP1AR: 45 kDa.

#### **RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS**

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2020 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2033 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use donkey anti-goat IgG-FITC: sc-2024 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or donkey anti-goat IgG-TR: sc-2783 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz™ Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

#### **STORAGE**

Store at 4° C, \*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

#### **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

#### **PROTOCOLS**

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.