CLC-6 (N-20): sc-16439



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

The family of voltage-dependent chloride channels (CLCs) regulate cellular trafficking of chloride ions, a critical component of all living cells. CLCs regulate excitability in muscle and nerve cells, aid in organic solute transport and maintain cellular volume. The genes encoding human CLC-1 through CLC-7 map to chromosomes 7q32, 3q28, 4q32, Xp22.3, Xp11.23-p11.22, 1p36.22 and 16p13, respectively. CLC1 is highly expressed in skeletal muscle. Mutations in the gene encoding CLC1 lead to myotonia, an inheritable disorder characterized by muscle stiffness and renal salt wasting. CLC2 is highly expressed in the epithelia of several organs including lung, which suggests CLC2 may be a possible therapeutic target for cystic fibrosis. CLC3 expression is particularly abundant in neuronal tissue, while CLC4 expression is evident in skeletal and cardiac muscle as well as brain. Mutations in the gene encoding CLC5 lead to Dent's disease, a renal disorder characterized by proteinuria and hypercalciuria. CLC6 and CLC7 are broadly expressed in several tissues including testis, kidney, brain and muscle.

REFERENCES

- 1. Koch, M.C., et al. 1992. The skeletal muscle chloride channel in dominant and recessive human myotonia. Science 257: 797-800.
- Pook, M.A., et al. 1993. Dent's disease, a renal Fanconi syndrome with nephrocalcinosis and kidney stones, is associated with a microdeletion involving DXS255 and maps to Xp11.22. Hum. Mol. Genet. 2: 2129-2134.
- 3. van Slegtenhorst, M.A., et al. 1994. A gene from the Xp22.3 region shares homology with voltage-gated chloride channels. Hum. Mol. Genet. 3: 547-552.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: CLCN6 (human) mapping to 1p36.22; Clcn6 (mouse) mapping to 4 E2.

SOURCE

CLC-6 (N-20) is an affinity purified goat polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping near the N-terminus of CLC-6 of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 μg lgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-16439 P, (100 μ g peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.

APPLICATIONS

CLC-6 (N-20) is recommended for detection of CLC-6 of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500), immunohistochemistry (including paraffin-embedded sections) (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

CLC-6 (N-20) is also recommended for detection of CLC-6 in additional species, including equine, bovine, porcine and avian.

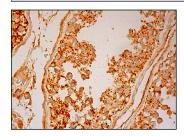
Suitable for use as control antibody for CLC-6 siRNA (h): sc-42387, CLC-6 siRNA (m): sc-42388, CLC-6 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-42387-SH, CLC-6 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-42388-SH, CLC-6 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-42387-V and CLC-6 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-42388-V.

Molecular Weight of CLC-6: 97 kDa.

RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2020 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2033 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use donkey anti-goat IgG-FITC: sc-2024 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or donkey anti-goat IgG-TR: sc-2783 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz™ Mounting Medium: sc-24941. 3) Immunohistochemistry: use ImmunoCruz™: sc-2053 or ABC: sc-2023 goat IgG Staining Systems.

DATA



CLC-6 (N-20): sc-16439. Immunoperoxidase staining of formalin fixed, paraffin-embedded human testis tissue showing cytoplasmic staining of cells in seminiferous ducts and Leydig cells.

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

 Cao, L., et al. 2010. Chloride channels and transporters in human corneal epithelium. Exp. Eye Res. 90: 771-779.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

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