# SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

# Lipocalin-13 (G-15): sc-164876



The Power to Question

#### BACKGROUND

The Lipocalin family is composed of structurally conserved hydrophobic ligandbinding proteins which are represented in all major taxonomic groups from prokaryotes to primates. Members of the Lipocalin family are characterized by several common molecular-recognition properties: the ability to bind a range of small hydrophobic molecules, binding to specific cell-surface receptors and the formation of complexes with soluble macromolecules. Lipocalin-13 (Lcn13), is a 176 amino acid secreted protein that is expressed specifically in epididymis where it acts as a retinoid carrier protein and is thought to be involved in male fertility. A member of the Lipocalin family and calycin superfamily, Lipocalin-13 is encoded by a gene that maps to murine chromosome 2 A3.

## REFERENCES

- 1. Flower, D.R. 1995. Multiple molecular recognition properties of the lipocalin protein family. J. Mol. Recognit. 8: 185-195.
- Flower, D.R. 1996. The lipocalin protein family: structure and function. Biochem. J. 318: 1-14.
- 3. Salier, J.P. 2000. Chromosomal location, exon/intron organization and evolution of lipocalin genes. Biochim. Biophys. Acta 1482: 25-34.
- 4. Bratt, T. 2000. Lipocalins and cancer. Biochim. Biophys. Acta 1482: 318-326.
- 5. Suzuki, K., et al. 2004. Molecular evolution of epididymal lipocalin genes localized on mouse chromosome 2. Gene 339: 49-59.
- 6. Grzyb, J., et al. 2006. Lipocalins-a family portrait. J. Plant Physiol. 163: 895-915.
- 7. Suzuki, K., et al. 2007. Epididymis-specific lipocalin promoters. Asian J. Androl. 9: 515-521.
- Cho, K.W., et al. 2011. Lipocalin-13 regulates glucose metabolism by both Insulin-dependent and Insulin-independent mechanisms. Mol. Cell. Biol. 31: 450-457.

## CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Lcn13 (mouse) mapping to 2 A3.

## SOURCE

Lipocalin-13 (G-15) is an affinity purified goat polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping within an internal region of Lipocalin-13 of mouse origin.

## PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200  $\mu g$  lgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-164876 P, (100  $\mu$ g peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

#### **STORAGE**

Store at 4° C, \*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

#### **APPLICATIONS**

Lipocalin-13 (G-15) is recommended for detection of Lipocalin-13 of mouse and rat origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000); non cross-reactive with other Lipocalin family members.

Suitable for use as control antibody for Lipocalin-13 siRNA (m): sc-146747, Lipocalin-13 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-146747-SH and Lipocalin-13 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-146747-V.

Molecular Weight of Lipocalin-13: 20 kDa.

# **RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS**

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2020 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2033 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluo-rescence: use donkey anti-goat IgG-TR: sc-2783 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz™ Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

#### **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

#### **PROTOCOLS**

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.