

RBM23 (S-13): sc-165346

BACKGROUND

Proteins containing RNA recognition motifs, including various hnRNP proteins, are implicated in the regulation of alternative splicing and protein components of snRNPs. The RBM (RNA-binding motif) gene family encodes proteins with an RNA binding motif that have been suggested to play a role in the modulation of apoptosis. RBM23 (RNA-binding motif protein 23), also known as RNPC4 (RNA-binding region-containing protein 4), is a 439 amino acid member of the splicing factor SR family that contains 2 RRM (RNA recognition motif) domains and localizes to nucleus. The RBM23 protein interacts with some steroid nuclear receptors, localizes to the promoter of a steroid-responsive gene and increases transcription of steroid-responsive transcriptional reporters in a hormone-dependent manner. Existing as five alternatively spliced isoforms, the RBM23 gene is conserved in chimpanzee, dog and cow, and maps to human chromosome 14q11.2.

REFERENCES

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2. Varani, G., et al. 1998. RNA recognition by RNP proteins during RNA processing. *Annu. Rev. Biophys. Biomol. Struct.* 27: 407-445.
3. Heilig, R., et al. 2003. The DNA sequence and analysis of human chromosome 14. *Nature* 421: 601-607.
4. Maris, C., et al. 2005. The RNA recognition motif, a plastic RNA-binding platform to regulate post-transcriptional gene expression. *FEBS J.* 272: 2118-2131.
5. Sutherland, L.C., et al. 2005. RNA binding motif (RBM) proteins: a novel family of apoptosis modulators? *J. Cell. Biochem.* 94: 5-24.
6. Dowhan, D.H., et al. 2005. Steroid hormone receptor coactivation and alternative RNA splicing by U2AF65-related proteins CAPER α and CAPER β . *Mol. Cell* 17: 429-439.
7. Fukuda, T., et al. 2009. hnRNP K interacts with RNA binding motif protein 42 and functions in the maintenance of cellular ATP level during stress conditions. *Genes Cells* 14: 113-128.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: RBM23 (human) mapping to 14q11.2.

SOURCE

RBM23 (S-13) is an affinity purified goat polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping within an internal region of RBM23 of human origin.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, ****DO NOT FREEZE****. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 μ g IgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-165346 P, (100 μ g peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

APPLICATIONS

RBM23 (S-13) is recommended for detection of RBM23 of human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000); non cross-reactive with other RBM family members.

Suitable for use as control antibody for RBM23 siRNA (h): sc-92324, RBM23 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-92324-SH and RBM23 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-92324-V.

Molecular Weight of RBM23 isoforms 1/2/3: 49/47/37 kDa.

Molecular Weight of RBM23 isoforms 4/5: 44/45 kDa.

Positive Controls: SH-SY5Y nuclear extract.

RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2020 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2033 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use donkey anti-goat IgG-FITC: sc-2024 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or donkey anti-goat IgG-TR: sc-2783 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz™ Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.