# AHA-1 (C-12): sc-166002



The Power to Question

#### **BACKGROUND**

AHA-1 stimulates the inherent ATPase activity of yeast and human HSP 90 and interacts with the cytoplasmic tail of vesticular stomatitis virus glycoprotein. AHA-1 regulates HSP 90 by influencing the conformational state of the "ATP lid" and consequent N-terminal dimerization. It is crucial for cell viability under non-optimal growth conditions when HSP 90 levels are limiting. AHA-1 is a cytosolic protein and may transiently interact with the endoplasmic reticulum. It can have an affect on one step in the endoplasmic to Golgi trafficking. AHA-1 is expressed in numerous tissues, including brain, heart, skeletal muscle and kidney and, at lower levels, in liver and placenta. It is induced by heat shock and treatment with the HSP 90 inhibitor 17-demethoxygel-danamycin.

## **REFERENCES**

- Zhang, Q.H., et al. 2000. Cloning and functional analysis of cDNAs with open reading frames for 300 previously undefined genes expressed in CD34+ hematopoietic stem/progenitor cells. Genome Res. 10: 1546-1560.
- Hu, R.M., et al. 2000. Gene expression profiling in the human hypothalamus-pituitary-adrenal axis and full-length cDNA cloning. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 97: 9543-9548.
- Sevier, C.S., et al. 2001. p38: a novel protein that associates with the vesicular stomatitis virus glycoprotein. Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 287: 574-582.
- 4. Panaretou, B., et al. 2002. Activation of the ATPase activity of HSP 90 by the stress-regulated cochaperone AHA-1. Mol. Cell 10: 1307-1318.
- Lotz, G.P., et al. 2003. AHA-1 binds to the middle domain of HSP 90, contributes to client protein activation, and stimulates the ATPase activity of the molecular chaperone. J. Biol. Chem. 278: 17228-17235.

# CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: AHSA1 (human) mapping to 14q24.3; Ahsa1 (mouse) mapping to 12 D2.

## **SOURCE**

AHA-1 (C-12) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against amino acids 249-338 mapping at the C-terminus of AHA-1 of human origin.

## **PRODUCT**

Each vial contains 200  $\mu g \ lgG_{2b}$  kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

# **STORAGE**

Store at 4° C, \*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

# **PROTOCOLS**

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

#### **APPLICATIONS**

AHA-1 (C-12) is recommended for detection of AHA-1 of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:100, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2  $\mu$ g per 100-500  $\mu$ g of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Suitable for use as control antibody for AHA-1 siRNA (h): sc-44863, AHA-1 siRNA (m): sc-44864, AHA-1 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-44863-SH, AHA-1 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-44864-SH, AHA-1 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-44863-V and AHA-1 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-44864-V.

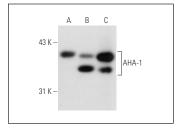
Molecular Weight of AHA-1: 38 kDa.

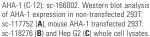
Positive Controls: KNRK whole cell lysate: sc-2214, NIH/3T3 whole cell lysate: sc-2210 or AHA-1 (m): 293T Lysate: sc-118276.

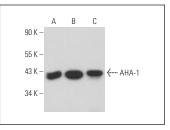
## **RECOMMENDED SUPPORT REAGENTS**

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker<sup>TM</sup> Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz® Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz® Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

#### **DATA**







AHA-1 (C-12): sc-166002. Western blot analysis of AHA-1 expression in NIH/3T3 (**A**), Neuro-2A (**B**) and KNRK (**C**) whole cell lysates.

## **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures