# SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

# RGS16 (A-9): sc-166083



## BACKGROUND

Regulators of G-protein signaling (RGS proteins) are a family of highly diverse, multifunctional signaling proteins that share a conserved 120 amino acid domain (RGS domain). RGS domains bind directly to activated  $G_{\alpha}$  subunits and act as GTPase-activating proteins (GAPs) to attenuate and/or modulate hormone and neurotransmitter receptor-initiated signaling by both  $G_{\alpha}$ -GTP and  $G_{\beta,v}$ . RGS proteins shorten the lifetime of the activated G protein. RGS16 is expressed at high levels in retina. Overexpression of RGS16 inhibits G protein-coupled mitogenic signal transduction and activation of the mitogenactivated protein kinase (MAPK) signaling cascade. RGS16 enhances the rate of GTP-hydrolysis by transducin, suggesting that RGS16 may play a role in regulating the kinetics of signaling in the phototransduction cascade. The gene which encodes RGS16 maps to human chromosome 1g25.3.

## REFERENCES

- 1. Chen, C.K., et al. 1996. RGS-r, a retinal specific RGS protein, binds an intermediate conformation of transducin and enhances recycling. Proc. Nat. Acad. Sci. USA 93: 12885-12889.
- 2. Kardestuncer, T., et al. 1998. Cardiac myocytes express mRNA for ten RGS proteins: changes in RGS mRNA expression in ventricular myocytes and cultured atria. FEBS Lett. 438: 285-288.
- 3. Snow, B.E., et al. 1998. Cloning of a retinally abundant regulator of G protein signaling (RGS-r/RGS16): genomic structure and chromosomal localization of the human gene. Gene 206: 247-253.
- 4. Hepler, J.R. 1999. Emerging roles for RGS proteins in cell signalling. Trends Pharmacol. Sci. 20: 376-382.

#### **CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION**

Genetic locus: RGS16 (human) mapping to 1g25.3; Rgs16 (mouse) mapping to 1 G3.

#### SOURCE

RGS16 (A-9) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against amino acids 103-202 mapping at the C-terminus of RGS16 of human origin.

## PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200  $\mu g~lgG_{2b}$  kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

RGS16 (A-9) is available conjugated to agarose (sc-166083 AC), 500 µg/ 0.25 ml agarose in 1 ml, for IP; to HRP (sc-166083 HRP), 200 µg/ml, for WB, IHC(P) and ELISA; to either phycoerythrin (sc-166083 PE), fluorescein (sc-166083 FITC), Alexa Fluor<sup>®</sup> 488 (sc-166083 AF488), Alexa Fluor<sup>®</sup> 546 (sc-166083 AF546), Alexa Fluor® 594 (sc-166083 AF594) or Alexa Fluor® 647 (sc-166083 AF647), 200 µg/ml, for WB (RGB), IF, IHC(P) and FCM; and to either Alexa Fluor® 680 (sc-166083 AF680) or Alexa Fluor® 790 (sc-166083 AF790), 200 µg/ml, for Near-Infrared (NIR) WB, IF and FCM.

#### **STORAGE**

Store at 4° C, \*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

#### **APPLICATIONS**

RGS16 (A-9) is recommended for detection of RGS16 of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:100, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 µg per 100-500 µg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Suitable for use as control antibody for RGS16 siRNA (h): sc-37161, RGS16 siRNA (m): sc-37162, RGS16 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-37161-SH, RGS16 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-37162-SH, RGS16 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-37161-V and RGS16 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-37162-V.

Molecular Weight of RGS16: 23 kDa.

Positive Controls: rat eye extract: sc-364805, mouse eye extract: sc-364241 or RGS16 (m): 293T Lysate: sc-123100.

#### **RECOMMENDED SUPPORT REAGENTS**

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgG K BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgG K BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use m-IgGk BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-IgGk BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz® Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz® Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

#### DATA





RGS16 (A-9): sc-166083. Western blot analysis of RGS16 expression in non-transfected: sc-117752 (A) and mouse RGS16 transfected: sc-123100 (B) 293T whole cell lysates

RGS16 (A-9): sc-166083. Western blot analysis of RGS16 expression in mouse eve (A) and rat eve (B) tissue extracts

#### **SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS**

1. Hernandez, K.R., et al. 2019. Regulator of G-protein signaling 16 is a negative modulator of platelet function and thrombosis. J. Am. Heart Assoc. 8: e011273.

#### **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

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