

# Dynamin II (G-4): sc-166669

## BACKGROUND

Members of the Dynamin family, including Dynamin I and Dynamin II, are GTPase, microtubule-associated proteins which are involved in endocytosis, synaptic transmission and neurogenesis. Dynamin I is localized to the central nervous system, while Dynamin II exhibits ubiquitous distribution with highest expression in testis. Both Dynamin proteins contain SH3 and proline-rich domains that mediate interactions between the dynamins and effectors of their GTPase activity. The interactions with these effectors, which include microtubules, acidic phospholipids and SH3 domain-containing proteins, are required for rapid endocytosis. Dynamin I appears to be recruited to clathrin coated pits by SH3 domain interaction with amphiphysin, a protein highly expressed in brain.

## REFERENCES

1. Sontag, J.M., et al. 1994. Differential expression and regulation of multiple dynamins. *J. Biol. Chem.* 269: 4547-4554.
2. Scafe, R., et al. 1994. Grow factor-induced binding of Dynamin to signal transduction proteins involves sorting to distinct and separate proline-rich Dynamin sequences. *EMBO J.* 13: 2574-2582.
3. Cook, T.A., et al. 1995. Identification of dynamin 2, an isoform ubiquitously expressed in rat tissues. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 91: 644-648.

## CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: DNM2 (human) mapping to 9p23; Dnm2 (mouse) mapping to 9 A3.

## SOURCE

Dynamin II (G-4) is a mouse monoclonal antibody specific for an epitope mapping between amino acids 845-870 at the C-terminus of Dynamin II of human origin.

## PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 µg IgG<sub>3</sub> kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Dynamin II (G-4) is available conjugated to agarose (sc-166669 AC), 500 µg/0.25 ml agarose in 1 ml, for IP; to HRP (sc-166669 HRP), 200 µg/ml, for WB, IHC(P) and ELISA; to either phycoerythrin (sc-166669 PE), fluorescein (sc-166669 FITC), Alexa Fluor<sup>®</sup> 488 (sc-166669 AF488), Alexa Fluor<sup>®</sup> 546 (sc-166669 AF546), Alexa Fluor<sup>®</sup> 594 (sc-166669 AF594) or Alexa Fluor<sup>®</sup> 647 (sc-166669 AF647), 200 µg/ml, for WB (RGB), IF, IHC(P) and FCM; and to either Alexa Fluor<sup>®</sup> 680 (sc-166669 AF680) or Alexa Fluor<sup>®</sup> 790 (sc-166669 AF790), 200 µg/ml, for Near-Infrared (NIR) WB, IF and FCM.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-166669 P, (100 µg peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% stabilizer protein).

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## RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

## APPLICATIONS

Dynamin II (G-4) is recommended for detection of Dynamin II of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:100, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 µg per 100-500 µg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000); may cross-react with Dynamin III.

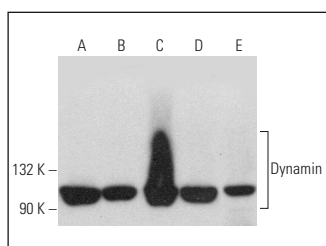
Dynamin II (G-4) is also recommended for detection of Dynamin II in additional species, including equine, canine, bovine and porcine.

Suitable for use as control antibody for Dynamin II siRNA (h): sc-35236, Dynamin II siRNA (m): sc-35237, Dynamin II shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-35236-SH, Dynamin II shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-35237-SH, Dynamin II shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-35236-V and Dynamin II shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-35237-V.

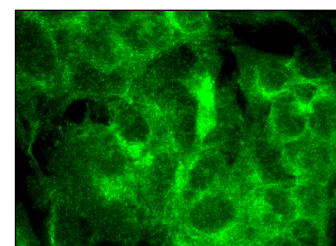
Molecular Weight of Dynamin II: 100 kDa.

Positive Controls: NTERA-2 cl.D1 whole cell lysate: sc-364181, HeLa whole cell lysate: sc-2200 or SK-N-SH cell lysate: sc-2410.

## DATA



Dynamin II (G-4): sc-166669. Western blot analysis of Dynamin II expression in HeLa (A), NTERA-2 cl.D1 (B), SK-N-SH (C) and NIH/3T3 (D) whole cell lysates and rat testis tissue extract (E).



Dynamin II (G-4): sc-166669. Immunofluorescence staining of formalin-fixed Hep G2 cells showing cytoplasmic and membrane localization.

## SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

1. Chiang, C.F., et al. 2016. Endocytic pathways used by andes virus to enter primary human lung endothelial cells. *PLoS ONE* 11: e0164768.
2. Wang, Y., et al. 2020. Transport mechanisms of polymannuronic acid and polyguluronic acid across Caco-2 cell monolayers. *Pharmaceutics* 12: 167.
3. Li, F., et al. 2021. Transport mechanism and subcellular localization of a polysaccharide from *Cucurbita moschata* across Caco-2 cells model. *Int. J. Biol. Macromol.* 182: 1003-1014.
4. Sarikaya, E., et al. 2022. Natural history of a mouse model of X-linked myotubular myopathy. *Dis. Model. Mech.* 15: dmm049342.
5. Itagaki, M., et al. 2023. A universal method to analyze cellular internalization mechanisms via endocytosis without non-specific cross-effects. *FASEB J.* 37: e22764.

## STORAGE

Store at 4° C, \*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.