p-Na⁺/K⁺-ATPase α (Ser 943): sc-16710



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

The ubiquitously expressed sodium/potassium-ATPase exists as a oligomeric plasma membrane complex that couples the hydrolysis of one molecule of ATP to the importation of three Na+ ions and two K+ ions against their respective electrochemical gradients. As a member of the P-type family of ion motives, sodium/potassium-ATPase plays a critical role in maintaining cellular volume, resting membrane potential and Na+-coupled solute transport. Multiple isoforms of three subunits, α , β and γ , comprise to form the sodium/potassium-ATPase oligomer. The α -subunit contains the binding sites for ATP and the cations. The glycosylated β -subunit ensures correct folding and membrane insertion of the α -subunits. The small γ -subunit colocalizes with the α -subunit in nephron segments where it increases the affinity of sodium/potassium ATPase for ATP. The β -subunit, but not the γ -subunit, is essential for normal activity of sodium/potassium ATPase.

REFERENCES

- Hardwicke, P.M., et al. 1981. A proteolipid associated with Na+/K+-ATPase is not essential for ATPase activity. Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 102: 250-257.
- Pedemonte, C.H., et al. 1990. Chemical modification as an approach to elucidation of sodium pump structure-function relations. Am. J. Physiol. 258: C1-23.
- 3. Ackermann, U., et al. 1990. Mutual dependence of Na+/K+-ATPase α and β subunits for correct post-translational processing and intracellular transport. FEBS Lett. 269: 105-108.
- 4. McDonough, A.A., et al. 1990. The sodium pump needs its β subunit. FASEB J. 4: 1598-1605.
- DeTomaso, A.W., et al. 1993. Expression, targeting, and assembly of functional Na+/K+-ATPase polypeptides in baculovirus-infected insect cells. J. Biol. Chem. 268: 1470-1478.
- Mercer, R.W., et al. 1993. Molecular cloning and immunological chracterization of the γ-poly-peptide, a small protein associated with Na+/K+-ATPase. J. Cell Biol. 121: 579-586.
- Scheiner-Bobis, G., et al. 1994. Subunit requirements for expression of functional sodium pumps in yeast cells. Biochim. Biophys. Acta 1193: 226-234.
- 8. Lingrel, J.B., et al. 1994. Na+/K+-ATPase. J. Biol. Chem. 269: 19659-19662.
- 9. Blanco, G., et al. 1994. The α subunit of the Na+/K+-ATPase has catalytic activity independent of the β subunit. J. Biol. Chem. 269: 23420-23425.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: ATP1A1 (human) mapping to 1p13.1; Atp1a1 (mouse) mapping to 3 F2.2.

SOURCE

Na+/K+-ATPase α (Ser 943) is available as either goat (sc-16710) or rabbit (sc-16710-R) polyclonal affinity purified antibody raised against a short amino acid sequence containing Ser 943 phosphorylated Na+/K+-ATPase α of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 μg IgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with <0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-16710 P, (100 μ g peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

APPLICATIONS

p-Na⁺/K⁺-ATPase α (Ser 943) is recommended for detection of Ser 943 phosphorylated Na⁺/K⁺-ATPase α of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

p-Na+/K+-ATPase α (Ser 943) is also recommended for detection of correspondingly phosphorylated Na+/K+-ATPase α in additional species, including equine, canine, bovine, porcine and avian.

Suitable for use as control antibody for Na+/K+-ATPase α siRNA (h): sc-43956, Na+/K+-ATPase α siRNA (m): sc-45886, Na+/K+-ATPase α shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-43956-SH, Na+/K+-ATPase α shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-43956-V and Na+/K+-ATPase α shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-45886-V.

Molecular Weight of p-Na+/K+-ATPase α : 113 kDa.

Positive Controls: HeLa whole cell lysate: sc-2200, Caki-1 cell lysate: sc-2224 or Hep G2 cell lysate: sc-2227.

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

 Oliveira, M.S., et al. 2009. Prostaglandin E2 modulates Na+,K+-ATPase activity in rat hippocampus: implications for neurological diseases. J. Neurochem. 109: 416-426.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

Santa Cruz Biotechnology, Inc. 1.800.457.3801 831.457.3801 Fax 831.457.3801 Europe +00800 4573 8000 49 6221 4503 0 www.scbt.com