SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

CCDC87 (G-14): sc-167422

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The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

CCDC87 (coiled-coil domain-containing protein 87) is an 849 amino acid protein encoded by a gene that maps to human chromosome 11q13.2. Chromosome 11, which comprises approximately 4% of the human genome, is considered a gene and disease association-dense chromosome. The chromosome 11 encoded Atm gene is important for regulation of cell cycle arrest and apoptosis following double strand DNA breaks. Atm mutation leads to the disorder known as ataxia-telangiectasia. The blood disorders Sickle cell anemia and thalassemia are caused by HBB gene mutations, while Wilms' tumors, WAGR syndrome and Denys-Drash syndrome are associated with mutations of the WT1 gene. Jervell and Lange-Nielsen syndrome, Jacobsen syndrome, Niemann-Pick disease, hereditary angioedema and Smith-Lemli-Opitz syndrome are also associated with defects in chromosome 11-encoded genes.

REFERENCES

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2. Jira, P.E., et al. 2003. Smith-Lemli-Opitz syndrome and the DHCR7 gene. Ann. Hum. Genet. 67: 269-280.
3. Schuchman, E.H. 2007. The pathogenesis and treatment of acid sphingomyelinase-deficient Niemann-Pick disease. J. Inherit. Metab. Dis. 30: 654-663.
4. Siem, G., et al. 2008. Jervell and Lange-Nielsen syndrome in Norwegian children: aspects around cochlear implantation, hearing, and balance. Ear Hear. 29: 261-269.
5. Bhuiyan, Z.A., et al. 2008. An intronic mutation leading to incomplete skipping of exon-2 in KCNQ1 rescues hearing in Jervell and Lange-Nielsen syndrome. Prog. Biophys. Mol. Biol. 98: 319-327.
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CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: CCDC87 (human) mapping to 11q13.2; Ccdc87 (mouse) mapping to 19 A.

SOURCE

CCDC87 (G-14) is an affinity purified goat polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping within an internal region of CCDC87 of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 µg IgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-167422 P, (100 µg peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

APPLICATIONS

CCDC87 (G-14) is recommended for detection of CCDC87 of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000); non cross-reactive with other CCDC family members .

CCDC87 (G-14) is also recommended for detection of CCDC87 in additional species, including equine and canine.

Suitable for use as control antibody for CCDC87 siRNA (h): sc-96559, CCDC87 siRNA (m): sc-142151, CCDC87 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-96559-SH, CCDC87 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-142151-SH, CCDC87 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-96559-V and CCDC87 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-142151-V.

Molecular Weight of CCDC87: 96 kDa.

RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2020 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2033 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use donkey anti-goat IgG-FITC: sc-2024 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or donkey anti-goat IgG-TR: sc-2783 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz™ Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.